ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,691—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1899.

P & O
GREATER BRITAIN EXHIBITION, LONDON
The only "SCOTCH" to be Supplied.
WHISKY.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M. 1899.
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	12th Aug.
* SHANNON	4362	L. M. Wibmer	19th "
M. L. BALLAARAT	4464	C. L. W. Field	26th "
* CLYDE	4069	C. T. Denny	2nd Sept.
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	9th "
* SHANNON	4362	L. M. Wibmer	16th "
M. L. PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	23rd "
* CLYDE	4069	C. T. Denny	30th "
M. L. MASSILIA	5025		7th Oct.
* CARTHAGE	5198	C. Gadd	14th "
M. L. VALETTA	5023	C. F. Preston	21st "
* SHANNON	4362	J. M. Wibmer	28th "

The steamers marked M.L. proceed to MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON.
The steamers marked * proceed to ADEN only, and passengers trans-ship there for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH or LONDON.
The BRINDISI route is closed at present owing to quarantine.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.
For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th July, 1899.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	G. Klansberger	4,140	1st Oct., 1899.
IMPERATRIX	Morovich	4,213	1st Nov. 1899.
IMPERATOR	G. Klansberger	4,140	1st Dec, 1899.

TRIESTE OR VENICE	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
SILESIA	R. Mayer	5,000	7th Aug. 1899.
* MORA VIA	A. Calabrese	3,500	30th Sept., 1899.
TRIESTE	A. Mitis	5,000	7th Oct., 1899.

* She will not call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960	Rs. 575
Available for 12 months	" 1,080	" 625

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.
This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave.
Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 2nd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MARIA VALERIE	A. Feilner	4,235	22nd Aug., 1899.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay, July, 24, 1899.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. Mail, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.
SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
REDUCED RATES to Railway employes, Family Parties and Missionaries.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.
REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.
LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied, CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
...and book of information free on application.
BOMBAY : 13, Esplanade Road.
CALCUTTA : Old Court House Street

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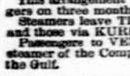
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.



PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *viâ* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents : GRINDLAY & CO.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 11th August, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 15th August, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE, AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 10th August, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Bosreh, in the foregoing or any order (Weather permitting.)

FOR POREBUNDER, ADEN, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND LAMOO.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 4th September.

FOR KARACHEE, SEYCHELLES KILINDINI, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

S. S. "VIRAWA," 3,333 tons, on or about 31st August.

FOR MANILA.

A THREE WEEKLY direct service has been started from Calcutta to Manila, calling at Rangoon, Penang and Singapore, rates for Passengers and Cargo, and dates of sailing can be obtained from the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 9th August, 1899.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.
Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.
Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.
THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.
SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.
PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.
VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday.
YARRA	4,255		29th Aug. 1899
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Le Gaispellier	26th Sept., 1899
INDUS	6,357	Chevalier	24th Oct. 1899
TONKIN	6,300	Vaquier	21st Nov. 1899.
CALEDONIEN	4,222	Requier	19th Dec., 1899

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on or about,
LAOS	6,357	Flandin	23rd Aug., 1899.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege, leave.
For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 37 Esplanade Road, Bombay.

EASTERN EXPRESS.

SPECIALLY organized for the conveyance of packages, between India and the United Kingdom at a through rate, inclusive of all charges except Insurance and duty.
Parcels, without limit of weight, are conveyed from Bombay or Karachi to any Railway Station in the United Kingdom at

6 annas per pound.

Parcels are conveyed to the Ports of London and Liverpool only at the rate of

3 annas per pound.

For large parcels and packages Messrs. LATHAM & Co. recommend their established and well-known

HOME EXPRESS,

as being the most economical and comprehensive mode of despatch. Full particulars of which will be furnished on application.
CARGO SHIPMENTS undertaken at especially reduced rates by Mail, Regular Lines, and Cargo Steamers, particulars of Sailing of which can be obtained from Messrs. Latham & Co.'s Monthly Shipping Circular, or by application.

INDO-AMERICAN EXPRESS.

MESSRS. LATHAM & Co. have also completed arrangements enabling them to accept Parcels for transmission to New York at the rate of

Rs. 2 per cubic foot,

Inclusive of Freight and all Shipping Charges.
Particulars as to free delivery charges in New York and parcel rates to any interior town of the United States to be had on application.

LATHAM & Co.,
Shipping and Forwarding Agents.
BOMBAY: Esplanade Road. KARACHI: Bunder Road.
Represented in London, Liverpool, and Paris by
GEO. W. WHEATLEY & CO.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to The Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

CHAMPAGNES ! CHAMPAGNES ! !

GIESLER'S
CELEBRATED BRANDS
TREACHER & CO., LD., ARE SOLE AGENTS
FOR THESE SPLENDID WINES
"FOR INDIA" BRAND
SPECIALLY SELECTED
AND BOTTLED FOR EXPORT TO INDIA.

	Cash. Rs.	Credit. Rs.
Pts.	40	45
Qts.	76	85

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.,

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE : 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

SEE REPORT AND OPINIONS OF THE PRESS AS TO THE REMARKABLE PROGRESS MADE BY THE COMPANY.

ENDOWMENT NON-FORFEITABLE POLICY

FOR Rs. 3,000.

PAYABLE AT AGE 60 OR AT DEATH IF PREVIOUS, WITH PROFITS.

If, at any time, the assured under this plan should desire to cease paying any more premiums, he can obtain a paid-up Policy for such a proportion of the original sum assured as the number of premiums paid bears to the number agreed upon. Thus a gentleman who had assured at age 30 for a Policy of Rs. 3,000 payable at age 60 or at Death, if previous, after 5 years' payments, would be entitled to a Free paid-up Policy for Rs. 500 free of future payments.

MONTHLY PREMIUM.
At age 20, Rs. 6-9-0
At age 25, Rs. 7-8-0
At age 30, Rs. 8-14-0
At age 35, Rs. 10-13-0
At age 40, Rs. 13-12-0
At age 45, Rs. 18-10-0

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.

Absolute Security.
* Funds invested in Government Securities and in accordance with the Indian Trust Act.
* Policy holders can appoint their own Directors.
90 per cent. of Profits to Participating Policy holders.
Policies simple in form, world-wide and indisputable.
Lapsed policies revived without fine.
Liberal Surrender Values. 40 per cent. of the Tabular premiums paid.
Loans to Policy holders at 6 per cent. interest.
Guaranteed 5 per cent. Investment Policies. Life and Endowments.
Immediate payment of Claims.
Non-forfeitable though Suicide.
Medical fees and stamps on Policies are payable by the Company
* The Empire of India is the only Company that offers these guarantees of Security.

The sum Assured is PAYABLE IN FULL should death occur even immediately after payment of the first premium.

GUARANTEE INSURANCE.—This Company issues Guaranteed Policies in situations of trust and responsibility. It is specially authorized to guarantee the employes of the Post Office.

Proposal Forms and full Particulars may be obtained from any local Agent in India or from

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

FLEUSS TYRES ! ! FLEUSS TYRES ! !

WE WILL FIT ANY TYRE YOU LIKE, BUT STRONGLY RECOMMEND

FLEUSS TUBELESS TYRES.

SEND FOR BOOKLETS.

1. Good rubber absorbs more vibration than inferior rubber. The Fleuss Tubeless Tyre is made of carefully selected Para rubber.
2. There is no inner tube to get pinched or chafed.
3. The Fleuss has no wires.
4. The Fleuss Tubeless Tyre conquers "Porosity," Porosity is a Fatal disease which attacks single tube tyres, and frequently ruins double tube tyres. Porosity means double puncture.
5. In the Fleuss Tyre punctures are located with great ease without removing the tyre from the wheel.
6. The puncture is repaired on the inside and he tyre can be detached and repaired in a few minutes.
7. It is absolutely unnecessary to take wheel out of machine to repair puncture in the Fleuss Tyre.
8. Fleuss Tyre does not skid. The tread of the tyre is designed to prevent skidding (side-slip).
9. The Fleuss Tyre does not fling mud on rider. The Fleuss Tyre is perfection in this respect. The three side corrugations spray mud away from the rider; they do not send it straight up. The Fleuss Tyre is therefore clean.
10. As regards speed the Fleuss Tubeless Tyre has all the advantages of a single tube tyre. Good rubber is buoyant and a speed promoter.
11. The pressure of air within the tyre serves to force the patch on when repair is executed, and not off as in the case of all tyres with an independent air tube.
12. Fleuss Tyre will hold air very long.
13. The Fleuss Tyre when punctured gives off its air less readily than any tyre having a separate air tube.
14. The Fleuss Tyre can be repaired with a postage stamp for the time being.

Fleuss Tyres are on view at the Bombay and Provincial Cycle Supply Agency's Establishment,
CHARNI ROAD, GIRGAUM, BOMBAY,
(Near Messrs. Stephens & Sons' Stables).

You may confidently ride the "Fleuss." Try it once. We are sure you will be thoroughly satisfied.

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MESSRS. LATHAM & Co. receive and store Surplus Baggage and re-ship the same.
Articles of Indian Art manufacture received and packed securely for transit.
MESSRS. LATHAM & Co. being directly represented at all the principal European, American, and Australian ports by thoroughly reliable Agents, all packages entrusted to their care will be expeditiously and economically cleared and despatched on arrival at destination.
If desired, passengers can be met on arrival by Messrs. LATHAM & Co.'s Agents.

BOMBAY, Esplanade Road. KARACHI, Bunder Road.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 1-8. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

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BEEHIVE BRANDY.

This BRANDY is much approved in GREAT BRITAIN, AMERICA AND AUSTRALIA, and has been recognized for upwards of a century. It needs only to be tasted to be appreciated. Rs. 2-4 per Bottle.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

MESSRS. AHMED DEWJI & BROTHERS, High Class Furniture Manufacturers, Suppliers to NATIVE PRINCES and CHIEFS, have now the pleasure to inform their Constituents and the Public that they have removed to new and extensive Premises, Nos. 10 and 11, Old Caji Street, Chuckla Road. They make and always have for immediate delivery all kinds of artistic furniture to European style and taste for Dining, Drawing, Office, and Bedrooms. Also a large and varied stock of Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Perambulators, Bentwood Furniture, Tapestries and Dinner, Dessert, and Toilet Sets, &c., &c., of Standard Makers. Bungalows and Houses furnished on hire at short notice and moderate price.
Up-Country ORDERS and different Contracts undertaken. INSPECTION and CORRESPONDENCE kindly solicited.

REVISED PRICES OF OPTICAL GOODS.

FOLDERS OR PINCE-NEZ.

	Steel. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Gold. Rs.
Best Crown Glass	5	16	25
Fine Quality Pebbles	8	20	32
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	45
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	28	50

SPECTACLES (TURNPIN)

Best Crown Glass	5	16	35
Fine Quality Pebbles	10	20	40
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	50
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	25	60

SPECTACLES (SINGLE TEMPLE)

Best Crown Glass	5	14	28
Fine Quality Pebbles	10	18	35
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	45
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	28	50

VIOLET TINTED SUN GLARE & DUST GLASSES.

Steel Frames, Rs. 6 ; Nickelled, Rs. 8 ; Silver, Rs. 30 ; Gold, Rs. 75.

FIELD AND MARINE GLASSES with ACHROMATIC LENSES.
Japanned Mounts and Russia Leather in cases From Rs. 20.

OPERA GLASSES FROM Rs. 25. MARCKS & CO., LD., BINOCULARS AND FIELD GLASSES.
BOMBAY & POONA.

McDOWELL & CO.

MADRAS.

HAVANA CIGARS.

TO MEET THE DEMAND WHICH WE BELIEVE EXISTS IN INDIA FOR

REAL HAVANA CIGARS.

We have arranged for the regular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the

FINEST HAVANA TOBACCO

Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices :—

"MULETA" Principes
4 1/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.

"COMPOSIA" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.

"COMPOSIA" Imperatrix
4 3-8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.

"MULETA" Graciosos
3¾ inches. Rs. 13-4 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

GENUINE
HUSCHKE'S
COLOGNE WATER.
(LEADING BRAND SINCE 1842)

HAS been imported into THIS COUNTRY CONTINUALLY and in increasing quantities for the last 40 years. This fact proves that its excellent qualities are well understood and appreciated by the public. Imitations have reached this market and inferior brands have been put forward, bearing labels closely imitating the Genuine Huschke 3 Star Label. All such imitations will be prosecuted, and the public are requested to beware of them, and to see that the label on each bottle and box bears the 3 Stars in Blue, and on the back of the Label, as seen through the bottle, the inscription :

"GENUINE HUSCHKE'S COLOGNE WATER"

To be had from all Chemists and Druggists in every part of India.

RUSTOMJEE MANECKJEE & CO.
18, PARSEE BAZAAR, FORT, BOMBAY.
SOLE DEALERS IN INDIA AND CEYLON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THACKER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

PATENT BALL-POINTED PENS.

They are constructed on a scientific basis. A rolling ball has of all bodies, the greatest momentum with the least resistance. Applied to pen points the outcome is very pleasant. There is no scratching or spurting—the pen gliding over the paper like a lead pencil. There are twelve varieties of Ball-Pointed Pens, which experience proves will suit all hands. The following are the more popular :—

For Book-keeping, 506, 516 E. F. } Price As. 12
For General Correspondence, 516, F, 521, }
For Fluent Writing, 526 M., 357 M, } Per Box.

If uncertain—buy an assorted box, and choose a pen to suit your hand.

ADVANTAGES OF THE BALL-POINTED PENS.

This patent is without doubt the most important improvement in steel pens since they were first introduced. None of the turned-up, turned-down, oblique or other anomalous points applied to pens have been or can be patented, as they are simply abortions of manufacture, which are soon discarded after trial.

Ball-pointed pens are suitable for writing in every position, glide over any paper, never scratch, never spurt. Being made of the finest Sheffield rolled steel, ball-pointed pens are much more durable, and therefore more economical than any others.

Assorted Sample Box, containing 24 Pens all the varieties, silver grey and gilt, price As. 12.

IN BOXES OF THIRTY NIBS.

	Per Box Rs. a
503 F. Treasury.—Thoroughly reliable book-keeping pen, for ledger or fine writing	0 12
505 F. Falcon.—Suitable for all classes of Commercial Work	0 12
509 F. Slip.—Refine ledger pen—suitable also for pocket penholders	0 12
510 E. F. Rialto—Aluminium Nib, for ledger or writing	0 12
516 F. Lytton.—Aluminium Nib, for book-keeping or general correspondence	0 12
516 E. F. Scribe.—Extra fine point, suitable for ledger or fine writing	0 12
516 F. Bank.—Same pen as above, but with medium fine point. Highly recommended for book-keeping	0 12
521 F. Ledger.—Broad shouldered, flexible business pen.	0 12
526 M. Eagle.—Strong and firm, with medium point. For bold or rapid writing unequaled	0 12
295 F. Extra Eagle.—Same as above, but fine point, for book-keeping and general correspondence	0 12
552 F. Swan.—A fluent writer, for ladies and professional correspondence	0 12
537 M. Jay.—For ladies and professional correspondence. Invaluable for antique and other fashionable writing papers	0 12
537 B. Broad Jay.—Same pen as above, but with extra broad point	0 12
545 M. Stub.—Admirers of this shaped pen should try a ball-pointed Stub, and they will never use any other	0 12
548 M. James Watt.—A Steel quill	0 12

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15, BANK STREET.

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES the BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS at Moderate Monthly Subscription. Also HOME PAPERS and MAGAZINES.
Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.
For Terms, apply to
VINCENT & Co.

NOTICE.
RE—ESTATE OF MOOSABHOY MUNJEE, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons CLAIMING against the estate of MOOSABHOY MUNJEE, late of Bombay, Khoja Inhabitant, deceased, who died intestate, at Bombay aforesaid, on or about the fifteenth day of November, 1898, and Letters of administration of the property and Credits of whose estate were, on the 7th day of August, 1899, GRANTED by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, to his WIDOW MINBAI, to have effect throughout the Bombay Presidency, are required to send to the undersigned, at their Office, at Hornby Road, Oriental Buildings (2nd Floor), in writing, their names, addresses and particulars of their claim against the Estate of the said deceased, so as to reach the said Office on or before the 9th day of September, 1899, as after that date the said administratrix will proceed to administer the said assets, having regard only to the claims of which the said administratrix shall then have notice, as aforesaid, and to claims, not in subsequent to that date will be recognised.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the said Deceased, or having property belonging to him, are required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said administratrix.—Dated this 9th day of August 1899.

JEHANGIR AND SEERVAI,
Attorneys for the Administratrix.

THE BROACH CITY PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No 2, Dean lane, Fort, on FRIDAY the 18th day of August, 1899, at 3 P.M to transact the following business :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1899.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint an Auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.
5. To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 11th day of August to the 2nd day of August, 1899, both days inclusive.

By order of the board,
MOWJEE NARANDAS & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers,
Broach City Press Company, Limited.
Bombay, 28th July, 1899.

LIST of ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been GRANTED to the Administrator General, Bombay, and of ESTATES which have come under his charge.

TIGHE EDWARD VALENTINE, late 2nd Lieutenant Royal Artillery, Quetta.
LEITH ROBERT THOMAS DISNEY, late Lieutenant Indian Staff Corps, attached 6th Bombay Cavalry, Ambala.
GREGORY MRS. AGNES SOPHIA, (wife of GEORGE GREGORY) late of Igatpuri, European Inhabitant.
HOOSEIN MIYA CHIMNAJI TAMBOLI, late of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant.
RAYMOND RAD LIFFE HERBERT, late a Lieutenant in H. M.'s 8th Bombay Cavalry, deceased.
NAGOO PANDOO BHOIR, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
ABBA HAJI ISMAIL, late of Bombay, Cutchee Memon Inhabitant.
DHANJI HAISEY, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
MCLAREN, JOHN DUNCAN, late Assistant to Messrs. W. B. Green and Company, Apollo Bunder.
VAN LOGEN HARRY, late of Bombay, European Inhabitant.
GANGJI TRICUM, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
JAIJI, (widow of HIRJIBHOY NOWROJI BATHENA), late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant.
SOOLEMAN BIN YACOOB, late of Bombay, Arab Inhabitant
BINDRABAN DEVIDAS, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against or indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVETT CARNAC,
Administrator General.
Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 9th August 1899.

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY.
BY
ODARMAL.
Price Re. 1 Postage half-anna.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE THESPIAN CLUB
WILL PRODUCE
AT THE ABOVE THEATRE ON
TO-DAY, THURSDAY, and TUESDAY, the 10th and 15th of August, 1899.
The Beautiful Spectacular Drama by
W. S. GILBERT,
ENTITLED
PYGMALION AND GALATEA.

BOX Plan OPEN from 1st August (Inclusive) at Messrs. ROSE and Co's Rampart Row.
Doors open at 9 P.M., each Evening.
Performance Commences at 9-30 P.M., sharp.
PRICES OF ADMISSION :—

Reserved Seats (Boxes and Stalls)	Rs. 3
Second Seats	" 2
Back Seats	" 1

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform half price for back seats.
Intending purchasers of Tickets are recommended to book early if they wish to secure good seats.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. KAIKHASRU BURJORJI CHAKSI has contracted to SELL the property hereunder described. All persons having claim against the said property by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, lease, sale, lien or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, at their office, No. 91, Meadow Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any claim, and the same, if any, will be considered to be waived.—Dated this 9th day of August, 1899.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 987 1-9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 272, New No. 7273, old Survey No. 1480, and new survey No. 4608, together with the tenement or building standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality under C ward Nos. 8005, 8007, 8039, Street No. 23 and 25 to 24, 384 to 394, and 30 to 43, all which premises are situate at and on the west side of Bhindy Bazar Parel Road, at Bhindy Bazar, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, in Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east by Bhindy Bazar Parel Road, on or towards the west by the property of Ahmed Nanoobhai, on or towards the north Peerbhai Dharamsy's Street, and on or towards the south by the property of Sayed Alli Kamalsha, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of Pandurig Krishna, &c.

MANSUKHLAL DAMODAR & JAMSETJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £280,000

HEAD OFFICE :
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
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ROBT. R. ROSS,
Acting Manager.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—MADRAS.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1885.

BRANCHES at Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Kurrachee, Rawalpindi, Murree, and London.

	Rs.
PAID-UP CAPITAL	40,00,000
RESERVES AND REST	11,13,575
SECURITY PROVIDED FOR DEPOSITORS	51,13,575

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum up to Rs. 10,000 in the event of the balance not falling below Rs. 500.
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for Home Remittance receive 4 per cent. per annum.
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Special rates are given for Short Terms Deposits during the busy season.
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By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Bombay, 30th June, 1899.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... Yens 12,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... " 12,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 7,300,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

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CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

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Agent,
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

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T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD
LONDON COMMITTEE :
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
F. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director, P. and O. S.N. Co.)
G. E. NOBLE, Esq., 34 Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, W.
EWEN CAMERON, JOHN WALTER, } Managers.

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BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 ; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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47, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 51 Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

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The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

THE INDIAN EDITION of The New Premier Cycle Co.'s HELICAL TUBE BICYCLES can now be obtained, post free, on application to the Sole Agents.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld.—CHAMPION BILLIARD CUES, carefully proportioned, perfect in materials and detail. Made any length, size and weight. Unaffected by climate.

INFLUENZA.—A certain, prompt and safe remedy is "Tamarind Cough Balsam." It relieves at once by dissolving the congealed phlegm and promoting expectoration. Re. 1 per bottle.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, Esplanade Road.

ARRIVED.—Newest Styles TWEED HATS and CAPS, Straw Hats, (Ladies and Gents), Soft Felt Hats in Black Brown and Grey, Round or Square hard Crown Felts. Umbrellas from Rs. 10-8 each. New Walking Sticks. Swagger Wanghni Canes, in the new Burnt Brown or Green.—ASQUITH and LORD, Apollo Street.

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CLEARING STOCK of BREAKFAST size Cups and Saucers, neat pattern only, ans. 3 per pair; also China Table and Cheese Plates, at Rs. 2-14 and Rs. 1-14 per doz. at SHROFF BROTHERS' Sale.

HIGH CLASS PORTRAITURE, executed in the permanent PLATINOTYPE process, giving soft and pleasing effects. BROMIDE OPALS, artistically finished in water colour, monochromes or oils. ENLARGEMENTS successfully produced from old or faded Photographs, by RAJA DEEN DAYAL AND SONS, at their Art Photographic Salon, Bombay. For prices etc., apply to the MANAGER.

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AUCTION SALE of Dr. E. H. Cayley's Valuable Furniture, Piano, Glass and Crockery ware, Plateware, Persian Carpets, &c., at the Carlisle Chamber, Apollo Bunder, TO-DAY, at 4 p.m.

FOR SALE.—Season Teakwood Glass Door CUPBOARDS, suitable for Shops, Offices, and Libraries. Apply to N. B. DANTRA and Co., Tea and General Merchants, 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

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BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date, Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12 ; Half-yearly Rs. 6 ; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

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A NICE BUNGALOW, for a Large Family with Stable and Out-Houses, with a Beautiful garden around, situate at Connaught Road, Poona, well furnished.

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Estate Manager to H. H. Sir Aga Khan,
Jail Road, Bombay.

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BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other guaranteed Rights with an Introductory Account of the Settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

PRICE ..... Rs. 6.
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Description	1 lb. tin.	½ lb. tin.	¼ lb. tin.
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PURE GROUND MOCHA COFFEE	1 4 0	0 10 6	0 5 6
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All the above Coffees are Guaranteed Pure UNADULTERATED, and being daily Roasted and ground in the latest pattern closed cylinders and immediately packed in air-tight tins the fine Aroma is preserved. A trial earnestly solicited.

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EVERY YEAR since 1865, the preference shown for STANDARD POLICIES has been very marked ; the NEW BUSINESS having exceeded £1,000,000, sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

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NEARLY .....£ 9,000,000 Stg.

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Secretary, Bombay Branch.

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TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1897.
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LIFE ASSURANCE WITH ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
AT MODERATE RATES.

Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at Death only.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at age 55 or Death if it occurs sooner.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at age 60 or Death if it occurs sooner	
Age next Birthday.	Monthly premium.	Age next Birthday.	Monthly premium.	Age next Birthday.	Monthly premium.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
25	11 8 0	25	15 7 0	25	13 13 0
30	12 12 0	30	18 6 0	30	16 0 0
35	14 3 0	35	22 13 0	35	19 1 0
40	16 1 0	40	30 1 0	40	43 10 0

Rates or other ages and under other systems will be supplied on application.

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ESTABLISHED 1808.

CLAIMS PAID EXCEED.....£ 13,000,000
FUNDS IN HAND (31st Dec. 1897).....£ 2,287,029

J. H. SYMINGTON,
Branch Manager,
Office Sirdars Palace.
E. D. SASSOON & Co.,
Agents.

NATIONAL ASSURANCE CO., OF IRELAND.
ESTABLISHED 1822.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£ 1,000,000

J. H. SYMINGTON,
Chief Agent.

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ALL INTENDING ASSURERS should send for particulars of the ORIENTAL'S LIFE POLICY.

THE Best and Cheapest Assurance obtainable in India.

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Since the Company was Established in 1874.

As the Expenses of Management are lower than those of any other Company of the same age, the "Oriental" can afford to grant POLICIES with Exceptional Benefits.

Moderate Premiums,
Unquestionable Security,
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Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Office,
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INSURANCES.

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ASSETS EXCEED .....Rs. 10,50,00,000
ANNUAL INCOME EXCEEDS...Rs. 1,87,50,000

This Old Established Society grants Policies with Capitalised Profits at the following LOW RATES of premiums :—

Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at Death only.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at Death, 20 limited payments.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at age 55 or Death if it occurs sooner.	
Age next Birthday.	Yearly premium.	Age next Birthday.	Yearly premium.	Age next Birthday	Yearly premium
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
25	143 1 0	25	197 8 0	25	198 7 0
30	156 6 0	30	209 8 0	30	232 10 0
35	173 11 0	35	224 10 0	35	289 0 0
40	195 9 0	40	242 15 0	40	384 15 0

Rates for other ages and under other systems will be supplied on application.

Intending insurers are invited to apply for the Society's new Prospectus before Assuring elsewhere.

Applications for Agencies from Gentlemen of influence throughout the country will receive every attention.

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CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £500,000
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The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches ; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange ; issue Letters of Credit ; and undertake general banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS
are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR AND A HALF PER CENT per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.
Bombay Agency, Elphinstone Circle

TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past ; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to, cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it deserves from all true lovers of Art !

In submitting our new Catalogue to the public, which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris ; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present issue in as concise and handy a form as possible, adding to it an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture ; the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our *clientele* of our removal into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would ask them to kindly take particular note.

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general.

D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,
BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,
ESPLANADE ROAD,
Opposite Bombay Club.

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ONE new English built half C. springs canoe LANDAU, with patent self-acting hood, suitable for a single or pair of horses.
One new English built C. under spring canoe LANDAU, with patent self-acting hood and with patent foot brake.
One new English built stylish light VICTORIA, suitable for a single horse.
English built second-hand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS by well known makers.
HOUSES FURNISHED with latest style near furniture.
Furniture of the latest designs FOR SALE or HIRE and also made TO ORDER.

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WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, excellent Table Baths, thermal and other, House stands on its own grounds, Within three minutes' walk of Kurhaus. Moderate Prices. Arrangements made with Families for Summer or Winter Season.

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PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits, or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses :—

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VEUVE CLIQUOT PONSARDIN	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Leith.
DEUTZ & GELDERMANN	Ay.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR	Cotes d'Or.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Vosiau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.
GEO. IDLE CHAPMAN & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

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BITTERS BRANCA.
FERNET-BRANCA OF FRATELLI BRANCA MILAN.
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NOTICES.

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Club will be held in the Club House, on THURSDAY, the 24th August, 1899, at 5.30 P.M.

STEUART L. MACNAGHTEN,
Honorary Secretary.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Bombay Gymkhana will be held in the Pavilion, on MONDAY, the 14th August, 1899, at 5 P.M.

J. A. JEFFREY,
B. J. B. STEPHENS,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank on THURSDAY, the 10th proxime, at 3-30 P.M., for the following objects:—

(1). To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of accounts upto 30th ultimo.

(2). To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of Mr. J. L. Symms and Mr. Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit, who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

(3). To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board
J. BEGBIE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 6th July, 1899.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SACCHARIN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned, as the authorised representatives of Messrs. FAHLBERG LIST an Co., inventors of "SACCHARIN," are the SOLE PROPRIETORS of the word "SACCHARIN" used as a TRADE MARK or TRADE DESCRIPTION in India as any substitute for sugar or other class of Food stuffs, and have been using the same in India and the East, as such Trade Mark or Trade Description for 7 years past.

Whereas certain persons have been recently importing substitutes for sugar bearing the word "Saccharin," "Zuckerin," Saccharin or colorable imitations of the same. The public are hereby warned against such fraudulent and colorable imitations, and notice is given that proceedings will be taken against any person hereafter so infringing the said Trade Mark.

BERTIE-SMITH & CO.,
Sole Agents in the East for Messrs. FAHLBERG LIST & Co.
Saccharin House, 29 to 31 Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

TWO of the finest Peg Whiskies exported from Scotland, and recommended by the Leading Medical Men, are—

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"SPECIAL CREAM" and "P & O" LIQUOR.
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NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns Princes, Chiefs, Nobles and Jaghirdars of Native states will best consult their interests by employing this firm as their BOMBAY AGENTS.

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ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages (deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find it greatly to their advantage to place all their ORDERS and COMMISSIONS in our hands. We undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT, and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP AND BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting businesses. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

LEGAL MATTERS, APPEALS, NEGOTIATIONS, PRIVATE ENQUIRIES, SETTLEMENTS UNDER ARBITRATION, skilfully conducted.

NOTE.—Under Section 37 of the Civil Procedure Code, and under Power of Attorney, Messrs. S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co., act as the recognised Agents of mofussil constituents, thus saving them the necessity of coming to Bombay to file and conduct their cases.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

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DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.

REVISED PRICES.

	Gold.	Silver.	Steel & Nickel
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
With Turnpin Side 50	28		16
With Single Temple 50	24		16
With Curl 50	24		16
Folders or Pince-Nez...50	24		16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movilleta" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men.

Gold.	Silver.	Nickel.	Steel.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
60	25	12	5

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SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculists prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

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PREPARED from MILK produced in the fertile pastures of Guzerat under the personal supervision of an Expert specially brought from England. The PEACOCK BRAND will be found more nutritious than all imported brands of Condensed Milk, as it contains a much higher percentage of Fat and Proteids, the two principle constituents of all Milk. Absolutely free from all disease germs. Copy of Government Analyser's report and certificates together with wholesale price list sent on application to

ANGLO-INDIAN CONDENSED MILK CO.,
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

Manufacturers of finest CREAM BUTTER both for Home and Export trade. Cheddar Cheese and Condensed Milk. Chief Factory, Chaklashi, (Guzerat.)

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PHILLIPS AND CO., LD.,
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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly. Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. & 1 bon.	1,240xd
Bank of Bengal	40,000	00	all	30 pr. ct.	1,225xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. cr.	1,140
Commercial	{15,000	100	{100	8 p.c.	99
Bank of India.	{15,000		{75		
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	£6	all	3 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank..	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£21-
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	£37 1-2
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	8 pr. ct.	3.0

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	dvd Rs5	200xd
Back Bay Baths.....	500	50	50	12	25
Badhan Pie...	5,000	100	100	12 pr ct	139
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation...	1,000	2,500	500	375	6,325
Do. New Issue.	500	37	125	181	1,060
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld..	1,250	100	100	dvd 4	67
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.....	400	500	500	5 pr ct	530
Bombay Flour Mill	600	500	500	55	975
Deccan Paper Mills	1, 00	500	500	5 pr ct	200
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills ...	500	200	200	dvd Rs10	210
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.....	2,000	250	250	9 p 16	530
Empire of India Life A. Co., Ld	292	500	50	...	55
Indian Guarantee & Surety Ship Assn....	5,000	10	10	10 pr. ct.	18
Jonn Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	120
Koug & Co. ...	4,000	20.0	175	21	368
Kurrachee Landing	50.	500	300	30	183
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	153xd
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	25
Naperr oundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct	128
Phillips & Co. Ld.....	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 6	43
Port Canning Mafg. Co...	6,000	600	1,000	dvd Rs15	515
Soundy & Co ...	1,000	100	100		
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500,	500		195
Tuscker & Co..	1,000	100	100	dvd Rs 8	151xd
Tuophone Co...	1,200	251	100	11	28

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly.	
Ahmedabad Advantage	70	1,000	600	Nil	
Alliance	1,500	1,00	all	0	250
Angerdallan ..	1,250			Nil	50
Anant Vergee Mill Ltd.	In all 2000 Shares of which 1602 have been allotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 25 Share	nom.
Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld.		1,000	1,000	60	38
Bakary & C. W. Co., Ld. (Bakery)	971	60	all	9 per ct.	1,000
Berar Manfg Co, Ld	2,750	550,000	20)	Rs. 15	200
Bombay United	90	1,00.	1,0.0	Nil	460
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co....	90	500	500	dvd Rs 23	430xd
Bombay Na tional Manfg. Co, Ld	50.	1,00	1,000		90
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.20	425
Bombay Woollen Manfg Co. Ltd	65.	1,000	1,00.0	10 per ct.	1,003
Central India..	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.0	1,000
China Mills Co. Ltd.	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	550
ty of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.25	725
Coimbatore S. and W	6,000	100	100	9 pr ct.	125
Colaba Land & Mills	4,00.	70.	...	Rs. 10	417 1-2
Colaba Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	350
Currimbhoy Mill	85	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	705
David Mill ...	1,100	500	500	dvd Rs50	355xd
Dharamsey Cowlejee & Co. Ld.	100	250	all	dvd Rs20	255
Dhun Mills.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	1.0
Empress	2,500	500	500	Nil	300
Framjee Petit.	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Hindustan	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Hingangha Mills	700	50.	500	4.	670
Howrah Mill Buloughs ...	1,500	50.	500	50	590
Hope Mills....	500	1,000	1,000	30	470
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	20	1,330
Imperial Cotton	500	500	500	Nil	250
Indian Manfg..	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd 30	650
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld...	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 50	550
James Greaves.	1,100	500	500	25	550
Jaffer Ali	600	100	100	dvd Rs 20	220
Jams Od manufacturing Co.	1,500	2.0	250	Nil	100
Jeway Baloo..	1,000	1,000	1,000	No dvd	500
Jumbo Mills Co., Ld.....	8,450	1,0.0	1,000	2.	315
Khandesh	7,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25	8.0
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	250	250	65	500xd
Leopold.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd R. 25	475
Lord Reay Mfg Co. New £12 Shares	3,500	100	05	dvd Rs.5	175
Maharashtra Spinning & Weaving Co.	415	1,000	1,000		0.5
Madras Cotton Manufacture..	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	725
Mahomed Suan Mills (Surburga)	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 10. Nil	2,775 100
Manockjee Petit	8,400	500	500	15 pr ct.	...
Mohanlal K. Parekh G & Mfg Co. Ld., Asarooti	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd 70	2/80
Mazagon	30,	100	115	dvd Rs15	—
Morarji Goculdass.....	5,000	250	...	dvd Rs. 5	65
Mysore S & M. Co., Ld	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,600
Madura Mills ...	4,000	250	250	dvd Rs15	200
National	4,70	10.	100	Nil	...
New Great Eastern.....	500	1,00.	1,0.0	Nil	pa 52
Oriental	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 2.	150
Presidency Mills. Co.Ltd.	3,72.	62.	25	dva Nil	55
Queen Mills ...	742	1,	1,000	dvd Rs. 0	800
Ripon Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 0	625
Saraswati Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	800
Sassoon.....	1,250	500	100	N.1	500
Shahapore Mills	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvd rs 2/	625xd
Shamrock Cotton Spinning ...	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.0	1,8 0
Soudersias ...	150	1,000	1,000	Rs.0.	400
Southern India	1,00.	5.0	500	Nil	1.0
Southern Maratta	1,200	250	250	dvd Rs 12.	250
Sun ashes, Ld.	1,000	250	2.0	Rs. 15	250
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	50.0	500	12	150
Star of India ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	600
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	dvd rs 22½	650
Sassoon Mills Alliance	3,000	500	500	dvd Rs 20	325
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co...	500	1,000	1,000	50	
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 20	320
Venshanker Lukmanji Sunker Co Mill Co. Ld..	900	500	500	dvd Rs40	410x1
Victoria Mills..	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	2425
Western India.	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	820
Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co. Ld.	40.	50	all	dvd Rs	25
Wadia Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs15	—

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£400	...	...	...
B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New £12 Shares	...	£10	...	...	...
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry....	500	500	..	4 pr. ct.	625
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.....	500	500	...	4 pr. ct.	502 1-2

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemist and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Wholesale depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 40m. Sun sets, 6h. 30m. High water, 0-9m. 1-21a. Low water, 6-30m., 7-18a.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Annual meeting, Bank of Bombay, 3-30 p.m.
Breul's Cawnpore Cotton Press Company, Meadow Street, 4 p.m.
Khangaum Cotton Press Company, Meadow Street, 4-30 p.m.
Opening of Bacteriological Laboratory, Government House, Parel, 5 p.m.
Annual meeting, Anjuman-i-Islam, 5-30 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, "Pygmalion and Galatea."

POLO.—There will be a game, this evening, at 5 o'clock.

A HINDU FAIR.—The annual Nagh Punchmee Fair will be held on Bellasis Road, on Friday, the 11th instant.

BREACH OF THE ABKARI ACT.—Mr. S. B. Spencer, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, convicted, yesterday, Shahboodin Shah Messenshah, a Mahomedan, resident of Mahim, on the charge of selling ganja without a license from the Collector of Abkari, and fined him Rs. 10. The accused was prosecuted by Mr. Gilder, Abkari Inspector.

DEATH OF A CENTENARIAN.—Hawabee, a Mahomedan woman, aged about 105 years, residing alone on the third floor of Mr. Badrudin Tyabjee's chawl, at 5th Lane, Kamatipura, was found dead in her room by her neighbours, at 1 o'clock, on Tuesday afternoon. The deceased was very feeble, and suffered from asthma. She lived on the charity of her neighbours. The Coroner was informed, and he ordered the body to be disposed.

BURGLARY AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD.—Harirai Bapubhoy Bukshi, a clerk to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Badrudin Tyabjee, residing in the compound of Mr. Tribhowandas Mungaldas' bungalow, at Girgaum Back Road, reported to the police, yesterday morning, that his residence was entered during the night and a tin trunk, containing gold and silver ornaments, currency notes, and cash, of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,498-8-0, was carried away from the bedroom. The theft was believed to have been committed shortly after midnight, when both complainant and his wife heard a noise in the bedroom, the window of which had been left open. The trunk was found broken open, minus its contents, in Mr. Parekh's compound, some distance from the scene of the theft. The Deputy Commissioner of Police personally inspected the premises yesterday morning, and conducted the investigation.

DEATH FROM SNAKE-BITE.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at the Haines Road cemetery, regarding the death of Narayan Joga, a Hindu lad, aged six years. The deceased was a son of a dhobie, and resided with his parents in a chawl at Forjett Street, Gowalia Tank Road. On Tuesday night, the parents were aroused by hearing the deceased cry out that he was bitten by something. The father lighted a lamp, and saw two puncture wounds on the index finger of the boy's right hand. The wounds were such as could have been inflicted by a snake-bite. The father searched about the room, but could not find the snake, as it had evidently escaped through one of the openings in the wall. The symptoms of the poisonous snake-bite soon began to operate, the boy became unconscious, and died within three quarters of an hour. A verdict of death from snake-bite was returned by the Jury.

FIRE IN A LIQUOR GODOWN.—About half-past 2 o'clock yesterday, afternoon, a fire broke out in a godown containing casks and cases of wines and spirits, at Phul Gully, off Bhendy Bazaar, and would have resulted in the entire destruction of the premises, but for the timely discovery of the outbreak and the prompt action of the fire-brigade. It is a ground floor building, about a hundred yards long and twelve wide, and is divided into several compartments, each containing hundreds of cases of wine, brandy, whisky, etc., the property of Mr. Dajibhoy Dadabhoy Baria, a Parsee wine merchant of this city. The godown was open during the day, and several men were engaged in bottling brandy in one of the compartments. Suddenly, owing to the careless biddee-smoking of one of the men, a cask exploded and set fire to the cases stored therein. The workmen immediately came out and raised an alarm. The fire-brigade station were communicated with, and the Babulla Tank steamer appeared on the scene. In the meanwhile the workmen commenced removing the inflammable property from the next compartment. The engines from Byculla also arrived and they all played vigorously on the burning part of the godown. The fire was brought under control in half-an-hour, when the operation of removing cases from the other compartments was discontinued. The damage was estimated at Rs. 6,200.

A CASE OF BIGAMY.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, committed Farran Sidee, a Mahomedan, and Mary Alexander, to take their trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court on a charge of bigamy, under section 494 of the Indian Penal Code. Mr. Athavale, pleader, appeared for the prosecution. Complainant, Joseph Alexander, the husband of the second accused, Mary Alexander, stated that he was a Sub-Inspector in the Bombay Municipality. He was married to Mary in Poona on the 16th August 1892, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. J. Beck, Chaplain of Poona. About seven months ago, complainant came to Bombay, his wife having preceded him about two months previously. She left his protection on the 12th March last, and had never returned to him again. He frequently tried to persuade her to return to him, but without success, and eventually she was married to the first accused according to the rites and ceremonies of the Mahomedan faith, on the 2nd July last. Complainant further stated that Mary had a sister of the same nationality, to which the first accused, Farran Sidee, belonged, and it was, complainant believed, at her instance that both the accused were married. They were now living together at house No. 30, Babulla Tank Road, where Mary's sister, Sarah, also lived. Sarah in her evidence stated that accused Mary was married to Joseph Alexander in Poona. Mary left him and came to reside with the witness. Mary embraced the Mahomedan faith about three months ago. Kazee Shaik Khalil performed the ceremony. The second accused, Farran, lived on the top floor of the same house as the witness, and he married Mary on the 2nd July last. Farran was the brother of witness' husband. Farran did not know that Mary was married to Joseph Alexander. After the evidence of several witnesses, including the Kazee who performed the ceremony, was recorded, the Magistrate committed both the accused on a charge of bigamy, as above stated.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT MADRAS CENTRAL STATION.

A MELANCHOLY accident occurred in the Central Station premises, on Sunday, owing to the collapse of the arched roof of the building in course of construction at the entrance of the station to serve as a Reading Room and Library for the Railway employees. Briefly stated the facts are as follows. The building was being erected by a native contractor, the Engineering Department of the Madras Railway supplying the iron-work in the shape of tie-rods, etc. The work was nearly completed, the arched roof of the hall and the two side rooms having been finished. Early yesterday morning the workmen employed started work, two men ascending to the roof of the building, the rest staying below. Almost immediately afterwards the roof collapsed, bringing with it the two men on top of the building, and burying them and two others who remained below in the debris. The other coolies fortunately managed to escape. The work of rescuing the buried men was commenced immediately, and all four were extricated and removed to the General Hospital severely injured—one so badly that he died on reaching the Hospital. Mr. B. H. Chester, the Presidency Magistrate, and Mr. F. S. Mullaly, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, were on the spot and made enquiries into the cause of the accident. Subsequently an inquest was held at which it transpired that the accident, in the opinion of witnesses competent to judge, was due to two causes, namely, the inferior quality of the iron tie-rods supplied, and the inability of the walls to bear the weight of the roof. Mr. Nutall the Inspector in charge of the Central Station buildings, who had been supervising the construction of the new structure, said that the accident was due to the breaking of the tie-rods, which were made of inferior metal. They were, however, supplied from the Railway workshops at Arkonam and had been passed by the Railway Engineer as sufficiently strong to support the weight of the arched roof. Mr. Patten, a Sub-Engineer in the Military Works Department, on the other hand, stated that the walls were not of sufficient thickness to support the arched roof. Owing to the generosity of Mr. P. Murugesam Moodelliar, the families of the sufferers by the accident have had some provision made for them.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RANADE.)

MURDER OF A WIFE.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* FAKIRIA TULAJEE DUKARE.

THE accused appealed from a decision of Nr. M. B. Tyabjee, Sessions Judge of Thana, who, in July last, convicted him of murder and sentenced him to death. Mr. B. N. Bhajikar appeared for the accused; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The accused was charged with having killed his wife, Kashi, in such a way as to be guilty of murder, and that he then committed robbery by removing from her person certain ornaments. There were found on Kashi a large contusion on the back of the head, which had caused fracture of the bones of the head; while some bones of the neck were fractured also. The brain was protruding. The medical officer said the death was due to fracture of the skull, which might have been caused with the stone produced in court. Death was instantaneous. Apparently, judging from the mark on the back, said the Sessions Judge, a big stone was used. Whatever the size of the stone, it was so used as to crush the back of the head, break the bones of the head and neck, and cause immediate death. The accused admitted that he threw the stone on his wife after he had thrown her down. The accused at one time said that he used the stone produced in court; at another time that he used a smaller one. The stone in court was found near the corpse; and blood was found upon it. The chief constable and another witness said there was a mark on the ground at the spot where it had been lifted up. The accused was apparently a strong man, and in the opinion of the Sessions Judge, it was not impossible that he could have lifted it though it was more than two maunds in weight. Three witnesses deposed to the facts that they heard a scream, went up running, saw the accused walk a few paces, raise the stone, and throw it at the head of Kashi. The evidence and the accused's statements, the Sessions Judge said, showed that the woman's head was crushed by a deliberate act. There was no quarrel at the time Kashi was last with the accused, and therefore there was no circumstance mitigating the crime. As regarded the charge of robbery, the jury were told that if they believed the accused killed his wife for the purpose of taking away her ornaments, he was guilty of the offence.

The jury unanimously found the accused guilty of murder, and not guilty of robbery; and the Sessions Judge accepted the verdict. He had no doubt the accused threw down the wife and struck her twice with a stone. It was used with deadly effect, and it caused her death immediately the head was struck. Accused acted with a certain amount of deliberation. There was no provocation received by him which, said Mr. Tyabjee, could mitigate the cowardly and heartless crime. The fact that Kashi was with child at the time rendered the offence more heinous. The accused was sentenced to death.

Their lordships saw no reason to interfere and confirmed the sentence of death.

SMOKING IN RAILWAY CARRIAGES.

DADABHOY JAMSETJEE MIRZA VS. RAGHUNATH MAKUND AND ANOTHER.

THIS was an argument on two rules *nisi* issued at the instance of Dadabhoy Jamsetjee Mirza' *alias* Reporter, requiring Mr. S. B. Spencer, Presidency Magistrate, to show cause why he should not make further enquiries into charges against Raghunath Makund and Khanderao Ramchander in cases that had come before him for hearing.

Mr. Robertson, with Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Mr. Rustam B. Paymaster, appeared for the petitioner, Dadabhoy Jamsetji Mirza, in the first case against Raghunath Makund.

In his petition the plaintiff said that on the 20th June last, he filed a complaint before Mr. S. B. Spencer, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, charging Raghunath Makund with insulting and wounding his religious feelings by smoking and throwing fumes of smoke in his face in a railway compartment not reserved for smoking, under sections 290 and 504 of the Indian Penal Code. On the case coming on for hearing on the 6th July, at the instance of petitioner's pleader, a further charge was added under section 110 of the Indian Railways Act. The Magistrate, after hearing part of petitioner's evidence, found that the latter was not sitting in the same compartment with the accused and summarily dismissed the complaint without deciding whether the accused had insulted or wounded the religious feelings of the petitioner by smoking. The petitioner, therefore, prayed that the records and proceedings in the case might be called for and the Magistrate ordered to make further enquiries in the matter as he had erred in holding that the petitioner was sitting in a different compartment of the carriage to the accused. Even if the Magistrate was right in that opinion, plaintiff submitted he ought to have held an enquiry as to whether the accused had committed offences under section 290 and 504 of the Penal Code with which he had been charged. Petitioner contended under those sections it was not necessary for him to have been sitting in the same compartment with the accused, and that the Magistrate's procedure was irregular, and his finding contrary to law.

Mr. Robertson said he had to ask their lordships to hear the case under their extraordinary powers, as the case was one of some importance to the travelling public, and more especially to gentlemen who shared the religious beliefs of his client, who was a Parsee. The latter felt strongly on the subject of the charges and Mr. Robertson said he was prepared to show that his client had taken a great deal of trouble to see that on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, separate carriages should be reserved for smokers. What had happend was this: The plaintiff got into a compartment of a train at the Church Gate Street station and another man got into the same compartment and commenced to smoke, and in spite of the plaintiff's repeated protests smoked deliberately in his face. By doing so after a complaint had been made, the accused had deliberately insulted plaintiff's religious feelings and had also contravened the provisions of the Railway Act.

Mr. Justice Parsons: What was the charge laid under?

Mr. Robertson said under sections 290 and 504 of the Penal Code and also under section 110 of the Railway Act. It was quite clear the offence came within penal sections, for the accused must have known it was extremely inconvenient for an orthodox Parsee who had the strongest views in regard to fire to have any one smoking in front of him. The plaintiff further said that the accused deliberately sent the smoke into his face. The Magistrate had not given any finding on the charge under section 290. He had only taken a small portion of the plaintiff's evidence, had heard none of his witnesses, and had not given any finding. He had given deliberate go bye to the charges as framed; and the only one he had dealt with was the charge under the Railway Act which he had himself added. Counsel submitted that plaintiff was entitled to have had his evidence recorded, and if that had been done, it would have been found he had been insulted. Mr. Robertson said his client was an elderly Parsee priest. He was entitled to ask the Magistrate to take his evidence and hear his case, for the Magistrate had no right to stop the case when he had only partly examined the plaintiff.

Mr. Justice Parsons: What is the other evidence he has not taken?

Mr. Robertson said it appeared in the plaint. The Plaintiff had several witnesses who had been his fellow passengers, but they had not been called or examined.

Mr. Justice Parsons: Do you say you tendered them?

Mr. Robertson: Yes, and the court stopped the case. I submit the magistrate acted beyond his powers in not giving a finding. The only finding he had came to was on a charge we had not made namely that under the Railway Act. That is the only point, and I think it is an ample one to call for revision.

Mr. Justice Parsons: The real question is whether he had the right of smoking at all, and whether he had deliberately smoked in a man's face. If he had the right to smoke in the carriage, and a Parsee came forward and said it hurt his feelings, that would not be an offence at all.

Mr. Robertson: I am coming to that, but as regards the magistrate's finding regarding the right of smokers, I submit he was entirely wrong. If a person had the right to smoke, and intentionally puffed the smoke into my clients face that would be an offence. Our evidence would show that was what occurred.

Mr. Justice Parsons: Where were you sitting?

Mr. Robertson: In the same compartment with our face to the engine. The defendant was sitting with his back to the engine, facing us.

Mr. Justice Parsons: Was it an open kind of carriage?

Mr. Robertson: Yes, it was divided into three compartments, and there were four rows of seats runing across it. We were in the centre compartment, and he sent the smoke across the carriage to us.

Mr. Justice Parsons: Was there not a partition between you.

Mr. Robertson: No unless you call the seats of the carriage a partition. There was no separation between one portion of the compartment and the other.

Mr. Justice Parsons: The partition was five feet high.

Mr. Robertson: No, only three feet, and that was only formed by the backs of the seats.

Mr. Justice Parsons: Then there were two rows of seats between you.

Mr. Robertson: There were the backs of the rows between us. But when we went to request him not to smoke, he bent forward and puffed the smoke in my client's face. I submitted that the ruling of the magistrate that it was not the same compartment is untenable, for as far as I can find, compartments are always referred to as some thing that is partitioned off. As your lordships are aware, where compartments are set apart on the Railways for smoking, they are always partitioned off from the other parts of the carriage.

Their lordships intimated that they would call for a report from the magistrate.

Mr. R. B. Paymaster, on behalf of the same plaintiff in, alluding to the case of Khanderao Ramchander, said his client had charged him with aiding and abetting Ragunath Makund in the offence of wounding the religious feelings of the plaintiff by smoking in his face. The magistrate (Mr. Spencer) after hearing the evidence in the former case had expressed an opinion that there was no good in going on with the case, and asked the plaintiff to withdraw it which was done.

Mr. Justice Parsons: How do you say the accused aided and abetted?

Mr. Paymaster: By inciting Raghunath Makund to smoke.

Their Lordships directed that the magistrate should in the latter case also be directed to make a report.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell presided at a sitting of the Court, yesterday.

RE JANARDHAN MAHADEV.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for two months' extension of the interim order, and in doing so said that the creditors were not in Bombay. His Lordship granted the application.

RE RAMJI BAPUBHOY.

Mr. Manker, for a creditor, said that Mr. Raikes, on behalf of the insolvent, intended to apply for two month's extension of the interim order. The learned counsel said he had consented to the arrangement, provided the insolvent forthwith proceeded with the matter of his insolvency. His Lordship granted the extension with leave to serve notices on the creditors.

RE NOORMAHOMED ISMAIL.

Mr. Jeejeebhoy Mody, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained a fortnight's adjournment of the hearing of the rule for the revocation of the adjudication order.

RE KRISHNARAM SITARAM.

Mr. Ardesher Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied, for two month's adjournment of the hearing of the matter. Mr. Manker, for a creditor, consented, His Lordship granted the adjournment applied for.

RE SHIVRAM RAGHUNATH.

This insolvent appeared in person and applied for an interim order. Mr. Manker, for a creditor, opposed the application on the ground that the insolvent had given no explanation in his affidavit regarding concealment of his property. His Lordship refused the interim order.

RE TALAKCHAND HARNATH AND OTHERS.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the creditors of the insolvent, applied for a rule "nisi," calling upon the insolvents to show cause why they should not proceed with the petition. The learned counsel said the insolvents had done nothing as shown by the certificate of the Clerk of the Court. The rule was granted.

RE SHARIFKHAN DAWOODKHAN.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for, and Mr. Manker, for a creditor, consented to an adjournment of the hearing of the matter of the insolvency for a fortnight, with leave to amend the schedule.

RE PESIONJI FRAMJI BHANDARA.

This matter was put down for hearing on the day's board. Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Mansukhlal, Damoder and Jamsetji, on behalf of an opposing creditor, said his client did not intend to press his opposition any further. The Official

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Answers to be sent by 10 P. M., on FRIDAY, the 11 Instant, to the Editor, the "Indian Sporting Times," ("Times of India" office), who has kindly consented to scrutinise the same. The result will be advertised in the "Indian Sporting Times" of Sunday, the 13th idem, and the Bombay Daily papers of the 14th idem. The winner may send for the case from F. CORNAGLIA, Medows Street.

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MESSRS. MEHRJEE JONSTON & CO., NO. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT OOMERKHADY PAKHADY CROSS LANE.

MESSRS. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 10th August, 1899, at 4-30 p.m., sell on the premises, by order of Manibai alias Doankuwar, widow, and executrix of Jetha Jugjivan, the following property :—

All that piece or parcel of farzundari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying, and being without the Fort of Bombay, at the northern side of Oomerkharry Pakhady Cross Lane, in the sub-District of Mandvie, formerly and now in the occupation of the several tenants, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward No. 3575, street Nos. 3, 4, Street Oomerkharry Road, standing in the name of the said Ramjee Wittoojee sinday Teli, containing by admeasurement 223 3-9 square yards, be the same little more or less, and bounded on the east by the house of Avodajee Poonjajee, on the west by the house of Libraelo Sozo, on the north by the property of Edulji Rustomji, and on the south by the Oomerkharry Pakhady Cross Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 8th August, 1899.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 9.

CONSOLS declined 1-8 per cent. in London yesterday, to 105 3-4. French 4Rentes were 1-4 per cent. higher, at 99 3-4 ; and Paris Exchange on London was 1-2 centime lower, at 25·24 fcs. Indian Sterling Loan remained at 112 1-2, and Rupee Securities at £66 11-16. Exchange on India at 30 days' sight was unaltered at 1s. 3 3-4d. Bar Silver continued at 27 3-4d. per oz. ; and in New York at 60 1-2 cents per oz. ; with demand Exchange on London 1-4 cent. lower, at 485 3-4 dollars. Some £175,000 in gold was paid into the Bank of England.

The total quantity of Wheat afloat for the United Kingdom on Friday last was 2,340,000 quarters, compared with 11,050,00 quarters at the end of the previous week.

Guzerat yellow Rapeseed was quoted yesterday at 37 5 8s. per 416 lbs., August-September shipment, to Havre, business done via the Canal, market firm ; Brown Rapeseed at 34 5-8s., same shipment, to the same port, business done via the Canal, in a firm market.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm yesterday, Surats quiet, Arrivals firm. The day's Sales were 10,000 bales, and the Imports 6,000 bales. Spot Mid.-Americans were quoted at 3 13-16d. per lb. ; and American Arrivals were 1-32d. higher in all positions, extreme quotations being 3 11-32d. and 3 19-64d. for August and December-January delivery, respectively. The Manchester Market was quiet.

In New York, Ready Mid.-Uplands advanced 1-16 cent, to 6 3-16 cents per lb. ; August Futures 4 points, to 5·60 cents, and December 6 points, to 5·83 cents per lb. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 2,000 bales.

WE append our weekly comparative statement of the American crop figures which give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1899.	1898.	1897.
Week's Receipts	7,000	10,000	4,000
„ Exports to U Kingdom	13,000	22,000	2,000
„ „ to Continent	22,000	8,000	1,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	82,64,000	85,15,500	66,10,000
„ „ to U. K. „	33,77,000	34,84,000	30,02,000
„ to Continent	34,60,000	37,37,000	28,51,000
„ Stock in the Ports	32,60,000	2,39,000	87,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 5th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1899.	1898.	1897.
Total visible supply of all kinds	25,10,000	20,23,380	12,91,310
„ „ of Surats	1,15,000	1,22,710	1,32,470
For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—			
Stock in Liverpool	10,47,000	9,03,870	6,63,960
„ London	8,000	4,000	5,500
American afloat	20,000	42,500	4,000
East Indian „	4,000	5,000	2,000
Total ..	10,79,000	9,60,370	6,81,460
Price of Mid.-Americans	3 12-32d.	3 15-32d.	4 9-32d.
„ Good Bhowaugger	2 24-32d.	2 15 16d.	3 19-32d.
Difference...	5-8d.	17-32d.	11-16d.

Locally, the Cotton Market has been steady in tone to-day. The purchases reported on account of the mills were some 1,600 bales, comprising chiefly Wadhwan. For Good Broach, March delivery, Rs. 172 1-2 per candy was quoted ; for "Fully Good" Bengal, for January, Rs. 140 ; and for "Good Bhownugger" for May, Rs. 149.

WHEAT AND SEEDS are steady and unchanged.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	2,650	bales.
Wheat	15,659	cwts.
Linseed	1,194	„
Rapeseed	5,955	„
Poppyseed	2,214	„
Castorseed	1,195	„
Rice	9,594	„

EXCHANGE opened at 1s. 3 15-16 to 31-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 3 31-32d. for Demand, and 1s. 4 5-32d. for three months' sight Credits. No business of any importance was reported either way, and the market closed quiet as follows :—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 3 31-32d.	per Rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 3 15-16 to 31-32d.	„
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4 5-32d.	„
Francs	1·76	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Rates have again been steady at 100 7-16 for both Money and Account, for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 94 for Threes.

SHARES are neglected, and we have no changes in prices to report this evening.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, AUG. 8.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet.

Good Bhownuggur, 2 24-32.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	105 3-4
3 per cent. Rentes	99 3-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	112 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	66 11-16
Bar Silver	27 3-4

The sum of about £175,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, AUG. 8.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Grant, arrived here this morning

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 10.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

683-93—Chitnis M and M—Mathilla vs The Administrator General of Bombay—Little and Co.

For trial of an Issue.

232-92—Nanu and H—Bai Jamni widow vs The B B and C Railway and Co—Crawford and Co.

Long Causes.

236-93—Chitnis M and M—Narondas Pragjee vs Manecksahoo and another—Craigie L and O—Maiubai J and M.

532-93—Crawford B and Co—Darabji Bomanji Mody vs Sorabjee Nowrojee Lawyer and another—Hiralal M and M.

376-93—Craigie L and O—Manekvalia vs Kursondas Pragjee and others—Matubhai and J, and Caltan M and M.

291 and 292-98—Crawford B and Co—The Sassoon S and W Co, Ld vs Erakshaw Dinshaw—Ardeshir H and D.

405-96—Tyabjee D and Co—Aisna bibee vs Bayabhoi and others—Payne G and S and J Peace.

425-95—Framji and D—Oomer bin Awad Sultan Nawaz J vs Allibhay Jeevanjee and others—Nanu and H.

595-95—Nanu and H—Allibhoy Jeevanjee and others vs Oomer bin Awad Sultan Nawaz Jang B—Framjee and D.

721-98—Sorabjee and J for pauper—Kalkashing Jayramshing Pardhi vs Lalljee Futtoo and others—K B Menta and Tyabjee D and Co.

422-98—K M Mody for pauper—Hassam Cassum vs Hajee alias Adum and others—Framjee and D.

448-98—King and Co—Fatehali Alibhai and others vs Thakersey Nawjee and others—Muljee and R.

290-97—Tyabji D and Co—Bai Pursoa and others vs The B B and C I Railway Co—Crawford B and Co.

177-97—Smetham B and N—James R Watson vs Oomer Jumai Vayani—Payne G and S.

517-98—Maganlal and Co—Hookmajee Bhootajee vs Ramlal Meghraj and others—Bhaishanker and K.

485-98—Matubhai and J—Manmohandas Dayalmas vs Narrondas Calliandas and others—Crawford B and Co and Craigie L and O.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL.)

Testamentary Suits.

4-99—Daphtary and Ferreira—Hassum Samuel Kehimkar vs Supparaoi and Sarabai—Payne G and S.

23-98—J G Cama—Jacob Hajee Essa vs Hoorbai and others—Hiralal M and M, Smetham B and N, Crawford and Co, B M and M, and K B Mehta.

35-98—Sorabjee and J—Matnubai vs Purshotam Jairam—Pestonjee R and K.

Long Causes.

17-99—Sorabjee and J—Hana Dhanajee vs Gangabai alias Laxmibai—Smetham B and N.

215-99—Captain and V—Luximibai and others vs Hana Dhanajee—Sorabjee and J.

110-98—Framjee and D—Framjee Dorabjee vs Chandulal Khushaljee—Tyabjee D and Co.

515-98—B V N Kirtikar—Karsundas Narsi vs Memon Ismail Hajee Nurmatomed—M L Shroff.

591-98—Thakurdas D C and H—Hemraj Parmanand vs Ruttonsey Waljee and others—Nanu and H and Craigie L and O.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CROWE.)

To speak to the Minutes of Decree.

45-99—Shamrao P—Aupurnabai vs Haji Esmail Haji Essack—Khunderao and S.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

306-98—Ardeshir H and D—Datooshoy Hassum and others vs Vally Mamomed Rahimtoola and others—Thakurdas D and Co.

616-95—Mathubhai D and J—Purshotamdas Mangaldas Nathoobhoy vs Vithaldas Itamdas and another—Edgelow G and W.

458-97—Craigie L and O—Charles Agnew Turner vs Narayen Vithal Vaidya and others—K J Mantri and Sorabjee and J.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

SIMLA.

BIRTH.

BRANSON—August 8, at Simla, the wife of J. C. E. Branson, I. C. S., of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

MACPHAIL—August 5, at the Free Church Mission, Chakai, the wife of the Rev J M Macphail, M D, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

SCHARLIEB—CORBETT—August 5, at St Peter's Church, Ranikhet, by the Rev C W Darling, M A, Captain W K Scharlieb, 5th Bengal Cavalry, to Ida Mary, daughter of Colonel R de la Cour Corbett, D S O, R A M C.

DEATHS.

MONAGHAN—August 3, at St Thomas' Mount, Rose, widow of the late Sergeant Peter Monaghan, E A Veteran Co., Pallaveram, aged 79 years.

ROSS—August 3, at Benares, Daniel Sutherland Ross, formerly Municipal Engineer, Benares, aged 38 years, 7 months.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1899.

THE Indian Budget has been presented to Parliament, foreboding as usual the approaching close of the Session. Lord George Hamilton naturally dwelt on the fact that the surplus of 1899-1900 is the largest since India came under British rule. It amounts to Rx. 4,759,400, which compares to great advantage with the deficit of Rx. 5,359,211 in 1898-99. The aggregate deficits of the last two years represent the uncomfortable total of some seven crores of tens of rupees. That being the case it was somewhat hazardous to adduce the surplus of the present year as evidence that India is not being bled to death, as Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji and his friends maintain in season and out of season. Evidence to the contrary abounds, without seeking it in the more or less accidental surplus of one year in three. The housing of the people is better than it was formerly ; they have more ploughs, more oxen and they live better ; they are better clothed, and in times of distress, even when a Province is afflicted with famine, increasing numbers are able to tide over the bad time. These improved conditions are more co-existent with a continuous increase of the popularttion which Lord George Hamilton very truly says is a grave problem. It is a problem largely created, and it might almost be said fostered by British rule. Twenty million mouths are added every decade to the numbers already pressing on the resources of the soil. The preventive checks so freely operating under all previous regimes have been removed under the beneficent *Pax Britannica*. We have put an end to the real bleeding of India which prevailed when every State was at war with its neighbour and tens of thousands of daring adventurers scoured the land for subsistence and loot in treasure and slaves. The famine-stricken are fed, and the ravages of disease are encountered with all the resources of Western science. The chances of life are enormously increased, and early marriages do the rest. Lord George acknowledges that Great Britain cannot alter what he terms, and doubtless considers, to be her humane policy. The motive is undoubtedly humane ; but in view of the inevitable Nemesis that waits on a continuous increase of population, regardless of the ultimate limits of subsistence, the word "humane" does not seem to be the most appropriate in this connection. The Secretary of State believes that a solution may be found in the opening up of the country by railways, by irrigation, by the development of its resources, especially in minerals. He also attaches importance to the training of the population to skilled labour, by making education more technical. No doubt much may be done in these directions ; but when every twenty years adds to the numbers of the population forty millions of new-comers, only the sanguine will expect more from these palliatives than the postponement of the day of reckoning. We would do well to recognise that the addition to the census roll every two decades, equals the population of the United Kingdom, exceeds that of France, and does not fall far short of that of the German Empire.

Sufficient for the day is the evil thereof. It is certainly more agreeable to be assured by Lord George Hamilton that if nothing happens to the monsoon this year or the next, a period of exceptional prosperity may dawn upon India. A fixed exchange, or in other words a uniform currency, will undoubtedly encourage British capital to open up the resources of this country. It is therefore satisfactory to hear that the Government will not be deterred, even by a temporary failure of the rains, from establishing a gold standard. That assurance appears to indicate that the bimetalists have utilised the scare caused by the drought—which we may now venture to speak of as recent—to urge the postponement of currency reform to a more convenient season. Happily the decision of the Government not to be turned from its policy by a temporary interruption of the rains has been justified by the return of normal monsoon conditions on the west coast of India. The reference to the material aid that a Bank of India, on the lines of the Bank of England, could give to the establishment of a gold currency, is a sufficient indication that Mr. Hamilton's proposals, which have the promise of support from the Rothschilds, have found acceptance with the Government which, in Lord George's words, is determined to bring the new financial policy to its consummation without delay. The many friends of Sir James Westland, who steered the finances of India through a period of almost continued crisis with great caution and skill to a happy issue, will be gratified by the cordial tribute paid to him by the Secretary of State, and the announcement that he will be appointed to the vacant seat in the India Office. Every friend of India will rejoice that the proposals moved by Mr. James Caldwell that Parliament should intermeddle more than at present in Indian affairs, and more especially in the shaping of the Indian Budget, have been rejected by four to one in a House of one hundred and thirty-one members. The Inquisition of Parliament in the administration of India would be as disastrous to every Indian interest, as was the other Inquisition to the prosperity and the self-respect of Spain. Did Mr. James Caldwell ever hear of the dictum of Mill, that India will only be lost on the floor of the House of Commons ? If our Countervailing Duties, Cotton Duties, and similar measures are to be revised, cancelled, or revoked by a scratch majority of a jaded House of Commons, wearied by accumulations of work it can never overtake, India may well pray to be delivered from cruel kindness of her friends.

WE have related the circumstances that led to the initiation, by Major Lyde, Administrator of the first class State of Radhanpur, of the prosecution of Mr. Harilal J. Buch, ex-Karbari and member of the Council of State, a prosecution which broke down hopelessly. We will now examine the grounds on which serious charges were preferred, and supported by worthless evidence. On the 25th March 1897, a long search in the Palace succeeded in discovering a considerable amount of money which the Maharani claimed as her own. Major Lyde the next day telegraphed to the District Police Superintendent, Ahmedabad :—"The hidden treasure here has been discovered. Rani has given written document that from it she had handed over thirty thousand rupees to Harilal Buch lately ; probably, more was handed over before. Please have the house of Harilal Buch in Ahmedabad searched, and Harilal Buch watched. Am prepared to prove he knew this money belonged to the State." The "written document" is spoken of as if it were a confession that the money had been stolen. What the Maharani wrote was this :—"In reply to your yadi (memorandum), I beg to write that I decline to answer in regard to the Rs. 50,000 and upwards referred to in the yadi as having been sent outside by me, but that I have given Rs. 30,000 in British currency to Harilal Buch as requested by him, and that he has taken them for the purpose of defraying the expenses of my Jivai case (villages settled upon her and resumed by the Administrator) now pending before Colonel Jackson, the Political Superintendent, Palanpur." So far from being a confession that the amount sent to Mr. Buch was State property and part of the "stolen" treasure, and that Buch knew it to be such, the document simply stated that the money was sent to defray the law expenses incurred in defending her right to villages settled on her by her late husband. Buch's house was searched on the 30th March on a warrant obtained from the City Magistrate on the representation in the telegram. Papers and property were seized. Major Lyde sent an agent to inspect the papers ; but the City Magistrate refused to allow the inspection on the ground that the paper had no reference to the money said to have been forwarded to Buch. Major Lyde complained of this decision, as "a mere quibble, though it was no doubt right in law !" On the 9th April he informed Colonel Jackson of his intention, subject to sanction, to charge Buch with theft in dishonestly removing property of H. H. the Nawab of Radhanpur on or about the 17th December 1895, and of having on or about the 15th February 1897 "dishonestly received certain money from Her Highness the Dowager Maharani of Radhanpur, knowing the same to have been stolen." The Maharani herself is here distinctly charged with stealing the moneys she transmitted to Buch. Colonel Jackson replied that the papers submitted appeared to show some kutput between Mr. Harilal and Her Highness, but he asked for the grounds on which it was proposed to prove the offence of theft of the Nawab's money by Harilal, and he also asked for a detailed statement of the articles said to have been stolen. A very reasonable request, which however was not complied with.

Major Lyde replied that the evidence seemed to him sufficient to convict the accused, *if no rebutting evidence were forthcoming*. That being so, he held that a prima facie case was made out. He asked that if the Superintendent did not concur in that view, Buch should not be released, but that the case should be returned to him, that he, Major Lyde, might obtain further evidence. Colonel Jackson on the same evidence which he himself had declared to be insufficient, directed a warrant to be issued for the surrender of Buch for trial at Radhanpur in Major Lyde's Court. The accused, attended by counsel, appeared before Colonel Jackson to point out that for divers reasons he could not hope for a fair trial at Radhanpur and asked to be tried at Palanpur by the Colonel himself. The latter forwarded the petition to Government for orders. Government directed that Mr. Buch should be tried before "a disinterested tribunal." Colonel Jackson thought this obligation would be best fulfilled by directing that the charges should be inquired into by his Deputy Huzar, Mr. A. S. Tambe, who had been promoted to that office from the head clerkship two months before. Major Lyde made strenuous efforts to get possession of the papers seized by the Police Superintendent at Ahmedabad. The Major naively declared that he was quite sure that if disclosed, these documents would furnish sufficient evidence against the accused—a clear admission that he was fully aware when initiating the prosecution that there was not sufficient evidence to support it. The statement that he was "prepared to prove" that the Rs. 30,000 were stolen was not based on facts. All that the Rani had stated was that she had directed Rs. 30,000 to be sent to her agent. As a matter of fact, only Rs. 15,000 were sent, and they were advanced by a sowcar who kept the Rs 30,000 sent to him to meet any further liabilities. The efforts to get at the papers illegally seized in were at one moment likely to prove successful. The City Magistrate—without apparent reason—reopened the question he had himself twice decided, and ordered that the papers—which had nothing to do with the case—should be handed over to Major Lyde. The Bombay High Court was appealed to, and promptly ordered the papers seized to be restored to Mr. Buch, the action of the District Magistrate being declared illegal and *ultra vires*. The order of the Bombay Government that the accused should be tried by a disinterested tribunal was successfully set at naught. The first witness on the list given in by the prosecution was the Maharani herself. The Court allowed her to be withdrawn, against the protest of the defence, it being an established rule of procedure that the prosecution is bound to produce all the witnesses who can throw light on the facts. When the defence claimed to call Her Highness as a witness, the Court refused, unless she were examined by commission at Radhanpur, where Major Lyde was in authority. Then the Deputy Huzur decided to try the whole case at Radhanpur. This being appealed against, Colonel Jackson confirmed his Deputy Huzur's order to remove the proceedings to that State. Asked to give a certificate to have the case tried at Ahmedabad, he refused, on the allegation that Mr. Buch was not a British subject. Yet it was on the ground that he was a British subject that his house had been searched, to obtain proof of serious charges, launched against him at a venture. An appeal was made to the Commissioner, who referred the matter to Government. Government, forgetting its own order, decided that the Deputy Huzur had jurisdiction to try the case, which was not exactly the point at issue.

In the result the Deputy shifted his Court, not indeed to Radhanpur, but to a station some distance from Palanpur, at which the trains did not stop, for reasons connected with Plague administration. Counsel could not find accommodation there, and the defendant had to cross-examine the witnesses himself. Major Lyde's name was submitted as a necessary witness for the defence ; the contention being that "there was absolutely no evidence in his possession to prove his allegation that Buch knew the money he received from Her Highness to be stolen property." The Major, in a written reply, stated that "the theft, having been committed, *if committed at all*, before he took charge of the State, he could only give secondary evidence,"—which he would depone to at a place 140 miles distant from Palanpur. The Magistrate then had the question of the relevancy of the Political Officer's evidence argued, and decided that it was not relevant. The defence appealed to the Commissioner, Mr. Silcox, who decided that Major Lyde's evidence was certainly relevant, seeing that he had from the beginning taken a most important part in the investigations leading up to the trial. None of the witnesses produced appeared to be able to prove that any State property had been removed. Major Lyde, said the Commissioner, should be in a position to show that a theft of property had actually occurred, and that monies that ought to be in the State treasury were missing. It was he, apparently, who discovered the supposed theft and instituted proceedings. What was more, the presiding Magistrate at first regarded the evidence as material ; "his subsequent conduct appears to have been greatly influenced by his superior officer, and this is likely to reflect on his independence as a Magistrate." On these grounds the order refusing to call Major Lyde was reversed by the Commissioner. But Major Lyde stubbornly refused to come, and strange to say, the Deputy Assistant actually took his instructions on certain points and decided according to them. However, all is well that ends well. The charge of receiving stolen property was dropped. The charges of theft failed absolutely and ludicrously. The first witness produced admitted that he had told Major Lyde lies when again and again cross-questioned. In his first deposition he said that the accused had removed the treasure immediately after the death of the Prince. Recollecting afterwards that the treasury was sealed up in presence of the Council when the death occurred, he said that it was two days before the demise of the Maharajah, that the Maharani, the Heir-Apparent, Buch, and three others removed the treasure in broad daylight ! The other evidence was no better, and the whole fabric of perjury fell to the ground. Mr. Buch was acquitted on charges that should never have been made. Had the prosecution succeeded, the Maharani—Widow of the late, and Mother of the present Nawab—would have been vicariously convicted of theft, and her efforts to recover her villages, and her rightful position in the State, discredited. By charging Mr. Buch with receiving stolen property with guilty knowledge, and when that charge was found too vague and shadowy to be sustained, by supplementing it with charges of actual theft from the treasury, it seemed as if "in the absence of rebutting evidence" a *prima facie* case might be upheld in a Court presided over by an official of the Agency. Failure in such an undertaking is sufficiently discreditable ; success would have been a moral disaster. Happily that aggravation of the situation was spared to all concerned.

Last evening his Excellency Lord Sandhurst paid a private visit to the Bombay Tramway Company's offices and stables at Colaba. The Governor, who was accompanied by an Aide-de-Camp, was, on alighting at the offices, received by Mr. F. C. Rimmington, Managing Director, Bombay Tramway Co.; Mr. A.G. Crisp ; Mr. Weatherall, Veterinary Surgeon ; and Mr. E. T. Ansell, Traffic Superintendent. A guard-of honour, consisting of conductors and drivers in the employ of the Company, were drawn up at the entrance and saluted his Excellency, as he entered the offices. Lord Sandhurst was taken over all the lines and shown the native horse-keepers' quarters, car-house, workshops, grain rooms, &c. His Excellency, who spent nearly an hour, expressed himself greatly pleased with everything that he saw.

THE Municipal Standing Committee resolved, at its meeting yesterday, to recommend the Corporation that the Government might be moved to legislate for investing the Corporation with the power to raise money on bills of currency not exceeding twelve months.

A SUM of about 9,000 rupees has been allotted in the current financial year for acquiring land for military purposes at Dinapore.

PLAGUE on the Kolar Gold Fields having reached the vanishing point, a reduction of the establishment is under contemplation. The home board of directors of the mines here have voted £600 to Dr. O'Donnell, Chief Medical Officer, £300 to Dr. Farmer, and £200 to Dr. Jack O'Donnell as bonusus for their services in connection with the plague.

CRIME of a grave sort, according to a Cuddapah correspondent, seems to be very rife in the Jammalamaduga Taluq of that District. Murders are common ; and what is worse is that the murderers escape justice through not only the incompetence, but in some instances the connivance of the Police and the village officials.

STRAY paria dogs are a curse and a danger from which Madras is now-a-days singularly free, and one consequence is that rabies is seldom if ever heard of there. The system of destroying mangy, ownerless curs is carried out thoroughly, it would seem, for the number killed between the 15th March, and the 26th July this year, was no less than 12,091.

A MEETING of Sanitary and other officials will be held shortly at Coonoor to consider the question of the water-supply there and at Wellington. Enteric fever has lately been very bad at the latter place, and there can be little doubt that the water has had something to do with it. The Coonoor water-supply, arriving as it does in unclosed channels open to any contamination, has been often condemned, but no remedy has yet been applied.

MR. T. T. LEONARD, of Bangalore, has floated a strong syndicate in London to prospect for gold in the Bankipore and Saimoga district. Messrs. Haji Ismal Sait and Abdul Rahim have also been granted licences by the Mysore Durbar to prospect for gold in Manigatta, near Kolar town, and at Rollkonda, west of Mysore. The Champion Reef mines experts, who have examined these two properties, declare them to be very auriferous.

A PRIVATE correspondent, who is at present on a trip to the Australian colonies, tells us of a new industry to which the New Zealanders have of late taken not without profit—gold dredging, to wit. Enormous dredgers are used to drag the river beds, and in some cases as much as 100 ounces of gold a day have been obtained. This is exceptional ; but one of the Wellington dredgers recently gave 3,000 ounces for the months' output.

THE wound pensions granted to non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the Native Army have been revised. The pensions will in future be devided into four degrees according to the gravity of the wound, but the lowest pension which even a private soldier under fifteen years' service will in future secure is 5 rupees 14 annas. Non-commissioned officers' pensions vary from 10 rupees 8 annas to 16 rupees. The rates for men of and above 32 years' service remain unchanged. The rates have retrospective effect, beginning with the outbreak in the Tochi on June 10th, 1897.

THERE has been a steady increase of crime in Assam during the past five years, the number of cognisable cases rising from 11,383 in 1894 to 16,417 in 1898. This is attributed to the large numbers of foreigners employed on the construction works of the Assam-Bengal Railway and also to the large additions which have been made to the labouring force during the past three years. Rioting cases in Sylhet increased from 486 to 530, but generally speaking these are not of a serious character, being merely petty disputes between the managers and the coolies. Riots occur however with sufficient frequency to necessitate vigorous action being taken to suppress them, as the small European staff on the tea gardens are exposed to great risks of injury from gangs of discontented coolies.

THE entries for the Durand Football Tournament at Simla, of which His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief is President, close on Thursday. The camp at Annandale will open on the 1st September and the tournament begin on the 18th September. The following teams have entered up to date : The Somersetshire Light Infantry, Yorkshire Regiment, Black Watch, North Staffordshire, Gordon Highlanders, and two local clubs, the Simla Volunteers and the New Club. It is hoped also that the Devonshires from Jullunder and the 16th Lancers from Umballa will enter, and possibly the Connaught Rangers from Meerut, the Argyle and Sutherland Highlanders from Chaubattia, the Gloucesters from Allahabad and the York and Lancaster from Agra. Captain Starer, the popular Adjutant of the Simla Volunteers, is doing everything to make the tournament a success.

THE news of the burning of the village of Mannarkottai, in the Tinnevelly District, is confirmed. The fire appears to have been the work of incendiaries. The village was deserted by the male inhabitants, most of whom are implicated in the Chinniapuram looting case. The zemindar has been absent for nearly two months and his agent has absconded. A warrant for his arrest in connection with the Chinniapuram case is out. Only women and a few Brahmins were living at Mannarkottai, and the former state that seven Shanars, mostly from Chinniapuram, went to Mannarkottai and set fire to it in three different places. The damage by fire is estimated at Rs. 3,000. The relations between the Shanars and the other classes are reported to be worse than ever. Proposals are being made to bind over the Chinniapuram Shanars. It is reported that two other villages near Mannarkottai were also burned on Monday.

THEY require an Indian Forest officer or two in the Chumbi Valley. In his annual report, Mr. Montgomery, Chinese Commissioner of Customs at Yatung, says that owing to the increasing prosperity of the Tomos, who inhabit the Valley, and have a monopoly of the carrying trade across the Jalep Pass, the population is increasing, and a demand is springing up for increased building accommodation. Many houses are now being built, for which timber has been cut on the hills enclosing the Valley. "The number of trees felled each year for the supply of building material and fuel," says Mr. Montgomery, "is rapidly on the increase, and the waste of wood is enormous. Many trees are felled, and allowed to rot as they lie. Stumps from 3 to 4 feet high are left standing, and the custom of chopping the timber into planks means that about half of each tree is wasted in chips." As no replanting is done, it follows that, at the rate of present destruction, the valley will be bare of trees before many years are over.

THE trial of the man Love, a Gunner in the Royal Artillery stationed at St. Thomas' Mount, at the Sessions on Wednesday, on charges of culpable homicide amounting to murder, and voluntarily causing grievous hurt with a dangerous weapon, was stopped by the special jury, as, after hearing the evidence of witnesses for the prosecution and one witness for the defence, they were unanimously of opinion that the accused was not guilty on any of the counts, and it was useless, therefore, to proceed with the hearing, as it would be a waste of time of the Court. The accused was forthwith discharged. The case arose on the 2nd April, when Love went shooting in the jungle near the Mount. The prosecution witnesses alleged that Love had outraged a native girl, and when the natives followed him protesting, Love shot one of them. Love admitted that a native was accidentally in a scuffle, and denied having outraged the girl. The latter statement was fully confirmed by Lieutenant-Colonel Damla, Indian Medical Service, who examined the girl.

THE very general interest in the "Irish literary revival" is not literary only. For the revival itself is but one symptom of a renaissance now observable in the general life—social, political, and industrial—of the sister island. English interest in the former will be further invited by the "Irish Anthology" upon which several specialists are engaged, and which will probably be issued this year by Messrs. Smith, Elder, and Co. Among the contributors are Dr. Sigerson, of Dublin, Mr. Stopford Brooke, Dr. Douglas Hyde, Mr. Yeats, and Mr. Lionel Johnson. To the last-named has been assigned a subject which, in some respects, should be the most attractive in the book. We mean the poet Mangan, who died in 1849, at the age of forty-six. Mangan's youth was passed in a time when the Irish priest-teacher was a much more learned and cultivated person than he is now—when, in other words, he went abroad for his education. From his teacher young Mangan learned French and Italian, besides Latin. He was one of the few who, like Coleridge and Carlyle, at an earlier time (though, of course, without their scholarship genius, and influence) strove to attract British readers to German literature. Mangan, the weak-willed, incurable tippler, who died of starvation and strong drink, is perhaps the most gifted of the Irish poets. Nobody knew Mangan better than his benefactor and some-time editor, Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, journalist, Irish revolutionist, and Australian statesman.

THE *Turkestan Gazette* publishes the following communication :—With reference to the article which recently appeared under the heading "Russia and Central Asia," I beg to state as follows : I can scarcely believe it possible that so perfect a gentleman as Mr. Cobbold could furnish the "Daily News" with such incorrect information as that recently published in the columns of that journal. Everything therein stated with regard to the Russian Pamir Plateau is a distortion of the truth. The responsibility for the despatch of a guard to intercept Mr. Cobbold at Kala-i-Wamar was mine, and not that of the Bucharian Government. The Bucharian Beg subsequently notified me of the arrival of Mr. Cobbold at Kala-i-Wamar on June 1-13th. I proceeded thither, accompanied by the detachment of Surgeon Wellman, and on meeting Mr. Cobbold I was convinced that there was no

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

LONDON, AUG. 9.

Parliament was prorogued to-day.

Her Majesty in her Speech from the Throne says:—My relations with Foreign Powers are friendly.

The position of British subjects in the Transvaal is inconsistent with the promises made of equal treatment wherein my granting internal independence to the Boers was founded, and the unrest caused thereby is a constant source of danger to the peace and prosperity of my dominions in South Africa.

Negotiations with the Transvaal are, however, still proceeding.

The Peace Conference held at the Hague has met with a considerable measure of success, and the institution of a permanent tribunal of arbitration cannot fail to diminish the frequency of war, while the extension of the Geneva Convention will mitigate its horrors.

Her Majesty then announces the conclusion of the Nile Convention, and an agreement with Russia regarding the development of railways in China.

Her Majesty then says: I have received satisfactory reports of the rapid recovery of agriculture and trade in India from the depression caused by famine, but the last few weeks show that the rainfall has been insufficient in a portion of the Western and Central Provinces, and fears are entertained regarding the prospects of the harvests in those regions.

My officers are carefully watching the situation, and timely precautions will be adopted to meet any scarcity.

Her Majesty, in conclusion, expresses her great regret that the plague in India remains unabated.

LORD GEORGE HAMILTON'S INDIAN BUDGET.

THE LARGEST SURPLUS ON RECORD.

A GOLD STANDARD TO BE AT ONCE INTRODUCED.

LONDON AUG. 8.

In the House of Commons, this evening, Lord George Hamilton brought forward the Indian Budget, and in doing so he dwelt upon the fact of its being the largest surplus since India was under British rule, as disproving the theories that Great Britain was bleeding India to death. From whatever standpoint is taken the results are far more satisfactory than the most sanguine anticipated, and if normal weather occurs next year, Lord George said, he believed a period of exceptional prosperity would dawn.

The enormous increase of the population under British rule was, he said, a grave problem. England could not alter her past humane policy, and the only solution of the difficulty was to open up the country by railways and irrigation, and to develop its resources, especially mineral, which had scarcely been tapped yet, and also make education more technical.

He paid a warm tribute to Sir J. Westland, whose term of office was ending, but said his services would not be lost as he will fill the vacancy on the Secretary of State's Council.

Lord George then said that a uniform Currency would be the most effective encouragement for British Capital to go to India, and Government would not be deterred from establishing a Gold Standard because of a coincident abnormal or temporary failure of rain.

A Bank on the lines of the Bank of England would, he said, materially aid the establishment of a Gold Standard. Government was determined to bring the new financial policy to a consummation in the most rapid manner possible.

Mr. James Caldwell then moved a series of proposals for a more effective Parliamentary control, including the referring of the Budget annually to a Select Committee, which, on being put to the vote, was rejected by 95 to 36.

THE DEBATE ON THE INDIAN BUDGET.

TWENTY MEMBERS PRESENT.

AUG. 9.

Scarcely twenty members were present in the House of Commons during the debate on the Indian Budget.

Sir H. Fowler made a notable speech in which he strongly repelled the idea of Parliament exercising daily supervision over the affairs of India, and declared he would never consent to treat Indian questions from a Party standpoint.

Lord George Hamilton, replying to questions raised on various topics, promised to do his best to settle the question of the use of Churches in India satisfactorily.

With regard to the Calcutta Municipality, he could offer no hope of modifying the same.

The Currency proposals, he said, would enable the debtor to tender gold instead of rupees.

He concluded by strongly attacking Sir W. Wedderburn and his coadjutors who did everything possible to stir up bad feeling against the Indian Government, and he held Sir W. Wedderburn responsible for the gross falsehoods which had been circulated in the newspaper, "India," and reproduced in the Native Press.

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUG. 9.

In connection with the telegram from Reuter of to-day, summarising the Secretary of State's speech on the Indian Budget, the following is the authentic version of Lord George Hamilton's remarks on the subject of the Currency.

He said: "The Committee do not recommend the raising of a great loan for the purpose of buying Gold and thus accelerate the period at which convertibility would be commenced. I admit the strength of some of the objections urged against the policy of borrowing for the acquisition and accumulation of Gold, and we are ready to forego for the present any intention of that kind; but subject to this understanding, we intend to utilise all our powers and opportunities to push on the Currency changes proposed by the Committee through the procedure suggested by the Committee. We hoped, and we still hope, not to borrow this year; but if failure of the crops in the central and western portions of India becomes serious, and exchange with India in consequence is upset, either as regards the rate or amount of Bills tendered, we may find difficulty in providing the ways and means we anticipated. In which case we shall be compelled, as on former occasions, to fall back on the existing borrowing power. After the fullest consideration, and after an examination extending now over many years into the currency system of India, we have deliberately arrived at the conclusion that the attainment of a Gold Standard is desirable in the interests of the Indian people, and we shall not in any way be deterred from vigorously prosecuting that policy by all means in our power, merely because the next phase through which it has to advance may be coincident with an abnormal and temporary failure of the crops."

Her Majesty the Queen has approved of the appointment of the Hon. Mr. Charles Arnold White, Advocate-General, Madras, as Chief Justice of the High Court of Madras; and of Sir James Westland, late Financial Member of the Viceroy's Council, as Member of the Council of the Secretary of State for India.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

MORE TROOPS FOR SOUTH AFRICA FOR ALL CONTINGENCIES.

ACTIVE PREPARATIONS FOR WAR.

LONDON, AUG. 9.

Mr. Chamberlain, replying to a question in the House of Commons, said there was some truth in the statement that several regiments had been ordered to be ready to embark for Natal, the Government there having made representations as to the defenceless state of the Colony. It had accordingly been decided to send the reinforcements required.

Asked as to whether these reinforcements were for the defence of Natal alone, Mr. Chamberlain replied that they were for the defence of Natal and all contingencies.

SERIOUS PRECAUTIONS BY THE BOERS

The Transvaal Volks raad has passed an Amendment to the Constitution requiring all inhabitants without distinction to assist in the defence of the State in case of war.

LORD KITCHENER'S FAREWELL TO THE QUEEN.

Lord Kitchener bade farewell to Her Majesty the Queen at Osborne, to-day.

SPECIAL SERVICE OFFICERS AT BULUWAYO.

Colonel Plumer and eight special service officers have arrived at Buluwayo.

LARGE CAMP FORMING NEAR BULUWAYO.

LONDON, AUG. 8.

A large camp is being formed about three miles from Buluwayo, and several special service officers are expected there at once.

THE TRIAL AT RENNES.

CAPTAIN DREYFUS BELIEVED TO BE ILL.

To-day's proceedings in the Dreyfus trial were strictly secret, even the prisoner's guards being withdrawn from the Court.

It is stated that Captain Dreyfus is ill, and that he subsists solely upon milk.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUG. 9.

On his forthcoming tour the Viceroy will probably visit Delhi, Jeypore, Bikanir, Jodhpore, Udaipur, Ajmere, Bundi Kotah, Bhopal, Gwalior, and Agra. Dates are not yet decided upon, but they will, no doubt, be between those already given as probable for leaving Simla and arriving at Calcutta.

LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS.

The business likely to come before the Legislative Council meeting on the 25th comprises the presentation of the Select Committee's report on the Foreign Press Messages Copyright Bill; reference of the Punjab Provinces Courts Bill and the Central Provinces Court Wards Bill to Select Committees; and probably the introduction of a Bill to give effect to the Currency Commission's proposal.

Mr. Justice Chatterjee, of the Punjab Chief Court, and the Hon'ble Mr. Chitnavis, of the Central Provinces, will be added to the Council in the capacity of Additional Members in connection with the Bills relating to their respective Provinces.

ARREST OF A FAMOUS OUTLAW.

Turan, one of the outlaws concerned in the opposition offered to the British punitive expedition against the Gumatti stronghold, last winter, when heavy loss occurred, and who since figured in a number of frontier outrages, has now been arrested by the district police at Bannu.

KHYBER POLITICAL OFFICER.

Mr. J. S. Lorimer, C. S., Political Officer, Khyber, acts as Assistant Secretary, Foreign Department, vice Mr. E. H. S. Clark, who proceeds on two years' furlough about the middle of September next.

COFFEE CROP IN COORG.

The forecast of the coffee crop in Coorg for 1899 has reached the Government of India from the local administration. It shows an estimated yeild of one and a-half hundredweight per acre for Europeans, and one quarter hundredweight for Natives against two hundredweight and one and a-half hundredweight, respectively, last year. This makes a total of 2,089 tons for Europeans, and 683 tons for Natives; against 2,730 and 1,470 tons, respectively, last year.

Exports of coffee taken from the toll gate returns are 4,134 tons in 1899, and 2,462 in 1898.

DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

ENTRIES TO DATE.

The following eight regiments have entered up to date for the Durand Football Tournament:—5th Dragoon Guards, 13th Somersetshire Light Infantry, 19th Yorkshire Regiment, 39th Dorsetshires, 42nd Black Watch, 64th North Staffordshire Regiment, 84th York and Lancasters, and the 92nd Gordon Highlanders. Besides these there will be either two or three local teams. The Camp opens on the 1st September, the tournament beginning on the 18th.

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

The Government of India have sanctioned one of the officers detailed annually as Assistant Recruiting Officer, Punjab, being drawn from the Bombay Command instead as hitherto of all coming from the Bengal Army. It has been decided by Government that in special cases of long and expensive tours, advances of travelling allowance may be granted to gazetted officers employed under the Military Department, the amount of advance being limited to a sum sufficient to cover the officers' travelling allowance for one month. This will be a boon to many Military officers who have hitherto had to advance the whole of the travelling expenses out of their own pocket.

Colonel Abbott, 7th Bombay Lancers, acts as Colonel on the Staff at Nusseerabad until the arrival of Colonel Lyster early next month.

THE PLAGUE IN POONA.

POONA, AUG. 9.

There were 148 cases and 122 deaths in the City, to-day, with a total mortality of 145; in Sukerwar Peith 28 cases and 32 deaths; in Kasba 22 and 16; in Nana 17 cases and 17 deaths; and in Bhowani 11 cases and 7 deaths.

In the Cantonment there were 35 cases and 21 deaths; in the Cavalry lines and Wanowrie bazaar 6 cases each; in the District 39 cases and 27 deaths, of which 14 cases and 13 deaths occurred in Wanowrie Village.

A number of policemen in the Cantonment have been attacked. A special Ward in the General Hospital has been erected since the outbreak of the present severe epidemic. Twenty-four cases were added up to date in the Sassoon Hospital, of which died.

Lieutenant McLeod is getting better; Mrs. Danneford is discharged cured; while Mrs. Fernandez and Mr. Soares died.

THE RANGOON OUTRAGE.

FURTHER ADJOURNMENT.

RANGOON, AUG. 9.

In the outrage case before the Cantonment Magistrate, to-day, it was mentioned that Martin, one of the accused, had been removed to the Station Hospital suffering from enteric.

Captain Bush, examined, deposed that the two accused were taken before the Commanding officer, when Sullivan implicated them. These two had also made statements to the Adjutant. Witness was asked to produce these statements. Captain Burrt and two Non-Commissioned officers were also examined as to the statements made to them, and the case was adjourned.

THE DROUGHT.

Our Bhavnagar correspondent on Monday says:—Since writing to you last, heavy rain has fallen at Dhrangadhra. It has also rained at Lathi, Chital, Jetalser, Porbander, and other stations. The following is the rain report:—Lathi, 0 in. 55 cts., Chital, 2 in. 0 cts., Jetalser, 0 in. 35 cts., Bhayawader, 1 in. 39 cts., Dhrangadhra, 1 in. 37 cts., Porbander, 22 cts., and Mahoowa, 2 in. 80 cts.

Heavy rain has fallen at Khandalla since the 6th, but the monsoon has not come with great force. All the same, the constant heavy showers have greatly eased the minds of the people who have now commenced transplanting the rice crops. The weather prophets on this side say that August is to be the wettest month of the year. That their forecast may be realized is the sincere wish of everybody.

The grain merchants of Thana have raised the rate of staple-food to Rs. 8 a khandy lately. The Collector of the District sent for the principal Vanias of the town on Saturday last and advised them to sell grains at their normal prices, as there is now a large stock of grain in their godowns in Thana. On Friday last, the Mahomedans of Thana offered prayers at the Shrines of Hazrat Hasan Shah Kadri of Arab for rains.

Wednesday's observations run as follows:—Pressure has increased briskly to rapidly in Burma and fallen slightly to briskly in North-East India and Madras Coast districts. These changes are chiefly due to the movement of the depression in the Bay which is advancing in a north-westerly direction across to North of the Bay. Heavy general rain has fallen in Burma. Tavoy reports six inches. Rain has fallen in Mergui, Moulmein, Tounghoo, Rangoon, and Diamond Island, the humidity is increasing again in Bengal and showers are falling in the coast districts. Pressure has again fallen in Ceylon and south of the Peninsula and has risen in North Bombay. It is now in considerable excess in Sind, Kathiawar, and South-West Rajputana. Skies are generally clear over the Punjab, the North-Western Provinces, Rajputana and Central India. To-day the clouds and humidity have increased over the Peninsula, and showers have fallen over a considerable part of that area and in the West Coast districts. Mercara, Kurnool, and Chanda each report two inches; Cuddapah one inch, and Raichur, Hyderabad, Cochin, Mangalore, and Bangalore about half-an-inch each. The conditions are slowly improving in the Peninsula. The storm in the Bay will probably reach the North-West coast of the Bay within the next 36 hours, and rain will probably increase in the north and centre of the Peninsula. As the storm approaches the coast, the rainfall will also become more general in Bengal during the day.

A Calicut correspondent writes:—"The weather we are now having is more like that of March or April than of August. Not a single cent of rain has fallen for several days, and all throughout July the South-West monsoon was nowhere. The drought has had a most depressing effect on crops, and in some areas the water-supply is reported to be very deficient. The price of rice has risen perceptibly in the local market and the merchants say that should supplies by rail stop, those who have stocks in hand are certain to raise prices materially. Under the circumstance, it is not comforting to be told that arrivals by rail have been next to nothing during the last week or so. Stocks in hand, however, are estimated at between 70,000 and 80,000 bags. The clear weather and the calm sea permit of a good deal of shipping operations."

The Meteorological Reporter for Western India says:—Rain in light or moderate showers has fallen all along the coast from Cochin to Bombay and also at Veraval, Khandwa, Amraoti, Akola, Aurangabad Sholapur, Poona, Belgaum, Bangalore, Secunderabad, Musulipatam, Bellary, Cuddapah and Madras. The abnormal chart indicates that the depression noticed in yesterday's report in the Bay of Bengal appears to be moving westwards and the weather to the eastwards of the Coromandel Coast is squally and unsettled. Pressure is now relatively abnormally low on and off the Coromandel Coast and high in Sind Cutch, Gujarat and Kathiawar. The weather conditions are favourable for rain in Mysore, on the Malabar Coast and at most stations in the Madras Presidency. The monsoon gradient on the West Coast between Karwar and Bombay is weak and rain in light showers is likely. In Berar and at the inland stations in the Bombay Presidency local showers are to be expected. Over the high pressure area noted above the weather likely to clear up.

THEATRICALS AT SIMLA.

The Simla A. D. C. this week have put on the boards that popular comedy of H. A. Jones, *The Liars*. The piece has drawn well, and if criticism has tended to be severe owing to many of a Simla audience having seen the piece on the London stage, and judged it by comparison with what the best of actors at home can make of it, the strength of the scene where Lady Jessica's injured husband, "Gilbert Nepean" (Mr. A. Williams), is brought face to face with his wife's lover, "Edward Falkner" (Captain Holland), has won appreciation as warm as it has been well deserved. As your readers are aware, the plot turns on the lies which Lady Jessica's good-natured friends are induced to tell, in order to get her out of the scrape that a *tete a tete* dinner in a country hotel with the returned African explorer (Edward Falkner) has got her into with her husband. In the middle of this scene it is that the lover turns up and scatters to the wind all feeble prevarication by telling the husband the whole of the truth, and empty-headed Lady Jessica realises what strong men's passion is, and how she has played with it. The heaviest part in the piece of course falls upon "Sir Christopher Deering" (Captain Marker), the cynical bachelor, whose contempt for affairs of the heart is only equalled by the kindness of his endeavours to get the African explorer back to his life's work on the dark continent, and effect a reconciliation between Lady Jessica and her husband. His acting of the man of the world is capitally realistic, and if a recently developed transatlantic twang and a shade too hurried an enunciation were noticeable flaws, these would not have been remarked if the whole had not been so good as to invite critical consideration. Of Captain Holland's rendering of "Edward Falkner's" difficult part, I need only say that it was conscientious and well studied, and rose in the closing scene of renunciation distinctly above the average of Simla amateur acting. Miss Turner made a vivacious Lady Jessica, while Miss Beresford-Lovett's delightful aplomb was never better displayed than in her presentation of the good-natured "Dolly Coke," who fibbed so industriously to get her friend out of trouble, her confusion where Lady Jessica's husband nonplussed her over the question of where it was that she did dine, and her explanation, to gain time, about the chicken sandwich and the tomato salad, being charming in their naivete. Mrs. Swiney's rendering of "Lady Tatton," who did her best to help her sister, "Lady Jessica," out of her scrape, but was prevented by the candour of languid "Mrs. Crespin" (Mrs. MacGregor) was a brightly conceived bit of well mastered acting, while the intense "Gilbert Nepean" was really excellently done by Mr. Williams. The Earl of Suffolk as "George Nepean," Gilbert's brother, also did well, while Colonel Rundall's waiter, at the Star and Garter, and Captain Conran's much sat upon husband of Lady Rosamond, who was determined not to be a "th (c) ipher" in his own house, were capital foils to the more serious characters of the piece. Of the minor characters Mrs. Holland made a charming "Beatrice Ebernoe," who ultimately marries the cynical Sir Christopher and goes off with him to Africa, and Miss Becher was the pretty servant maid of the piece.

BOMBAY CRICKET WEEK.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA *V.* POONA GYMKHANA.

SECOND DAY.

The game was continued yesterday morning, the wicket being hard and true, though more in favour of the bowlers than it was on Tuesday. Overnight, it will be remembered, the game was left in favour of Poona, who were only 36 runs behind their opponents' total with eight wickets to fall. Greig, not out 39, and Deas, not out 0, went to the wicket at ten minutes past eleven, Greig facing Clarke, who again evinced a desire to occasionally pitch on the leg side. Runs came freely, and 110 was quickly put up. Greig just managed to play a ball from Clarke, but the batsman was not sure about its direction, and the fast bowler met with success, Deas playing late to a good ball which came in from the leg. Usborne followed, and off Anderson Greig completed his 50, and sent up an additional ten with a pretty stroke to leg. Clarke had further success, as after Usborne had added six Back brought off a brilliant one-handed catch at point, and in his next over Gosling was caught at the wicket. Six wickets were down for 126, when Markham joined Greig, who was playing the bowling in a bright and fearless manner, extremely attractive to watch. Ward was tried for Anderson, but he is no bowler against class batsmen, and absolutely failed to find his pitch. Towards the end of the match he was successful among the tail end. After reaching 140 Pogson took the ball at Clarke's end, and Markham left seven runs later, playing late at a yorker. Pogson seemed a bit loose, and Edwardes was next tried, but the rate of scoring proceeded at one run per minute. The scoring board registered 160 and 170 in quick succession, Greig being the more prolific run-getter. At 179 his brilliant innings was terminated with a catch in the slips. He was batting for two hours and a half, going in when the total was 37, and during his stay 142 runs were put on. He watched the ball carefully and timed it accurately throughout, and his hitting on the off side was very finely executed. Some idea of the vigour of his play may be gathered that among his hits were seven fours and seven threes. His partnership with Braddell was productive of 28 runs. The innings soon finished, the remaining wickets falling in rapid succession, the final total being 191.

With commendable promptness Poona went out, quickly followed by Douglas and Back, who started to wipe off the deficit of 55. The attack was again entrusted to Deas and Greig, but cricket ruled very slow and tedious. At a quarter-past one the players had to retire, rain falling heavily, and rendering further cricket impossible until after tiffin. The game on play being continued went very slowly, the bowling being much too good to hit. Ten went up by means of singles, and soon afterwards Douglas gave a very hard chance at the wicket off Deas. Greig bowled with great judgment, and required to be continually play, he making the ball come up from the pitch at such a variety of paces that the batsmen found it most difficult to time it accurately. Each bats men scored a boundary hit, and these caused 20 to appear. Back played with greater freedom, scoring fast off Deas; and at 30 Wood took his place. Douglas did not seem altogether comfortable with Greig, and judging by the affectionate manner the batsman patted the pitch, Greig seemed to have found a "spot." Both men, however, played a sound defensive game, and using great judgment in choosing the balls to hit. The Poona men were very smart in the field, and as Greig changed his bowling early and often the rate of scoring was not very fast. Several fine strokes came to both, but at 49 Back was bowled middle stump in trying to hit a good ball from Wood. Back's success with the bat is very pleasing, as he has been rather unlucky recently, and his exhibition today entitles him to rank as one of the best players in the Bombay Gymkhana team. Tomkins took matters quietly for a time, and immediately after the half century was exhibited a small shower caused the game to be suspended. On going to the wickets runs came quickly, ten being scored in as many minutes, but rain again stopped play. Another start was made, both batsmen gaining the approval of the crowd—Douglas for putting a rising ball through the slips and Tomkins for a square leg hit. Deas bowled from the Gymkhana end at 70, Greig resuming at the former's end, but runs came, if slowly. The cricket improved, Douglas severely punishing several loose balls on the leg side from Deas. A round of applause greeted the appearance of the century. Continual showers made it very difficult to bowl with a wet and greasy ball, and of this the batsmen took full advantage. Tomkins gave an easy chance to Markham at short leg, and profiting by his luck promptly scored five off the same over, 110 going up. A double change was then resorted to, but the score rose with great rapidity, the batsmen disdaining almost any hit but a four. The partnership was dissolved at 138, Douglas being out in playing forward to Matthew, the ball hitting his leg. He was at the wickets for two hours, and scored 78. He realised the situation from the first and played wonderful cricket, showing all the qualities necessary at a critical point of the game. His play was enjoyable to watch, his forcing strokes being very effective, and he picked out the balls to hit with the coolness of a Shrewsbury. The spectators were impressed with his solidness both in attack and defence, and if he merely played a ball he played it correctly, and if he hit it, he hit it hard. Let us all hope he will be in the same happy mood during the Presidency match on Friday and Saturday. Trueman followed, and at once commenced to score, the 150 being hoisted shortly before five, when the innings was declared closed for 161, Tomkins carrying out his bat for a meritorious innings of 42; Trueman also being not out 8.

Having only fifty minutes left for play and 106 runs to get to win the task set Poona was by no means easy, if not impossible. Wood and Bowen started the game, the former early getting Ward to the boundary, while Bowen was almost caught and bowled by Anderson in playing a similar stroke which brought about his downfall on Tuesday. Wood played in better form than he has hitherto shown, continually getting Ward away through the slips. Clarke had a try with the score at 20. Wood was rather severe on Anderson, but he was well taken at deep square leg by Gordon, who was fielding as substitute, after scoring 14. Deas joined Bowen at 24, and he left at 27, spooning a ball to Clarke, the bowler. Moore followed, and Anderson bowled him just as the bell rang for time. The match was ended in a draw. Full score and analyses:—

BOMBAY.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Capt Douglas, b Greig	53	l-b-w, b Mathew	78
Lieut Back, st N, c Usborne, b Deas	4	b Wood	25
Capt Tomkins, c Usborne, b Deas	10	not out	42
Lieut Trueman, b Deas	21	not out	8
Mr Edwardes, b Greig	0		
Capt Walling, st Usborne, b Greig	0		
Mr B J B Stephens, c and b Greig	2		
Mr Nigel-Jones, c and b Greig	0	To bat.	
Mr Pogson, l-b-w, b Greig	7		
Mr F J Clarke, not out	8		
Mr A Ward, c Usborne, b Greig	2		
Capt Anderson, b Greig	4		
Extras	12	Extras	8
Total	135	Total	161

POONA.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Lieut M D Wood, c Stephens, b Pogson	16	c sub., b Anderson	14
Lieut Bowen, c and b Anderson	0	not out	11
Lieut Deas, b Clarke	5	c and b Clarke	2
Major S D M Moore, st Stephens, b Anderson	1	b Anderson	1
Lieut H H Hood, run out	44		
Capt J S Greig, c Pogson, b Ward	89		
Capt Usborne, c Back, b Clarke	6		
Lieut S F Gosling, c Stephens, b Clarke	0	To bat.	
Lieut Markham, b Ward	4		
Capt Braddell, b Ward	14		
Lieut Mathew, not out	7		
Capt Beth am, b Ward	7		
Extras	5		
Total	191	Total	23

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Bombay, 1st Innings.	O	M	R	W
Deas	21	9	38	3
Greig	23	7	48	5
Wood	9	1	24	0
Gosling	4	1	13	0
Matthew	3	0	3	0

Bombay 2nd Innings.	O	M	R	W
	20	7	43	0
	20	7	38	0
	15	4	44	1
	...	...	...	...
	12	3	23	1

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Poona, 1st Innings.	O	M	R	W
Anderson	21·4	6	55	2
Ward	20	7	45	4
Clarke	15	0	39	3
Pogson	9	4	16	1
Edwardes	92	2	5	0

Poona 2nd Innings.	O	M	R	W
	7	1	12	2
	5	1	12	0
	4	1	4	1
	..	..	..	...
	..	..	..	...

MR. BOND AND HIS SUBSTITUTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Cricket is a game which is almost invariably played not quite on level terms. The winning of the toss, the nature of the ground, the light, etc., give advantage more or less to one or the other side. Sometimes unforeseen circumstances come in the way which give a tremendous advantage to one or the other party. As for instance a first class batsman is injured and is playing with a substitute. The reader quite knows where the advantage is. I have been noticing for the last three days, that Mr. Bond, one of the best Presidency bats is playing with a substitute to run for him. Now, Sir, to run and play in this hot climate and to play alone and have a substitute to run makes a great difference. The Parsee captain took no objection in the recent match, and I am quite sure he would never grudge to do so again. But it is the look-out of the English captain. Mr. Bond fields remarkably well. Besides according to law one should not be allowed a substitute unless one is actually injured while playing in a match. I quite remember you ridiculing Mr. Gagrat who played at Poona some years ago with a substitute and covered an enormous space while fielding.—Yours, &c.

M. M. B.

THE PRESIDENCY MATCH.

THE PARSEE XI.

[BY AN OLD HAND.]

The Parsee Selection Committee met last Monday evening after the match with the Poona Gymkhana, and the following players were asked to play against the Presidency XI.:—D. D. Kanga (captain), K. Mistri, B. D. Gagrat, D. N. Writer, Daruwalla, D. Modi, H. D. Kanga, Colabawalla, Driver, Bulsara, and Mehta.

Since the meeting information reaches me that Writer is unable to play—he is suffering from a sprained foot, so that there is still one place left to fill. Looking at the team, it strikes me forcibly that it is weak in batting. In bowling they have plenty with Mistri, Mehta, Bulsara, Gagrat and Driver. With the fast left-hander unable to play, they must look for a man who can bat as well as bowl. Billimoria has a sprained arm and is not able to play, or of course he would have been just the man. In the last season or two he has made rapid strides as a batsman, and on a good true wicket is a most reliable scorer—it is quite a different matter coming down here after the hard wickets up-country and making a lot of runs.

D. D. Kanga has been selected once more to act as captain, and there is little doubt that he is a good man in that post. As a wicket-keeper he sees most of the game, and with his experience in good matches he has learnt the game thoroughly. He is very useful behind the sticks. He bats freely and well, and nearly always makes runs if allowed to remain in a few overs. He is distinctly nervous when he first goes in to bat, but if allowed to settle down, scores at a great pace and makes his runs in pretty style. K. M. Mistri is one of the best known cricketers in India, and a brilliant all-round man he undoubtedly is. He is a first rate batsman—one of the very best in India if the wicket is hard and true. He is never quite at home on a slow wicket, and is rather apt to play an impatient instead of a waiting game when the wicket favours the bowler. As a bowler too, I fancy he is the best man on the Parsee side. When the wicket helps him he is very difficult coming back right across the wicket, and with his high action often making them get up uncomfortably. B. D. Gagrat is not as good a batsman as he used to be, and I am told that he has little time to practise nowadays. He still retains his graceful style, with his powerful off drives and pretty cuts, but without sufficient practise it will not be a surprise if he fails to make runs. He is one of the best fieldsmen in the team, and his lightning underhand deliveries are useful for a change.

D. E. Modi is one of the best batsmen on the side—a sterling batsman with a sound defence, and possessed with plenty of hitting power. He played a capital innings on Monday last against Poona, and seems in his very best form at cover point. H. D. Kanga is making his first appearance in this match, and is a likely colt. He is a good batsman, watches the ball carefully, and can hit when opportunity comes. He is a keen fieldsman, sharp and active, the very type of man that is wanted should the Parsees think of sending home this XI. to England next summer.

Daruwalla is for putting a rising ball through the slips and Tomkins for a square leg hit. Deas bowled from the Gymkhana end at 70, Greig resuming at the former's end, but runs came, if slowly. The cricket improved, Douglas severely punishing several loose balls on the leg side from Deas. A round of applause greeted the appearance of the century. Continual showers made it very difficult to bowl with a wet and greasy ball, and of this the batsmen took full advantage. Tomkins gave an easy chance to Markham at short leg, and profiting by his luck promptly scored five off the same over, 110 going up. A double change was then resorted to, but the score rose with great rapidity, the batsmen disdaining almost any hit but a four. The partnership was dissolved at 138, Douglas being out in playing forward to Matthew, the ball hitting his leg. He was at the wickets for two hours, and scored 78. He realised the situation from the first and played wonderful cricket, showing all the qualities necessary at a critical point of the game. His play was enjoyable to watch, his forcing strokes being very effective, and he picked out the balls to hit with the coolness of a Shrewsbury. The spectators were impressed with his solidness both in attack and defence, and if he merely played a ball he played it correctly, and if he hit it, he hit it hard. Let us all hope he will be in the same happy mood during the Presidency match on Friday and Saturday. Trueman followed, and at once commenced to score, the 150 being hoisted shortly before five, when the innings was declared closed for 161, Tomkins carrying out his bat for a meritorious innings of 42; Trueman also being not out 8.

Having only fifty minutes left for play and 106 runs to get to win the task set Poona was by no means easy, if not impossible. Wood and Bowen started the game, the former early getting Ward to the boundary, while Bowen was almost caught and bowled by Anderson in playing a similar stroke which brought about his downfall on Tuesday. Wood played in better form than he has hitherto shown, continually getting Ward away through the slips. Clarke had a try with the score at 20. Wood was rather severe on Anderson, but he was well taken at deep square leg by Gordon, who was fielding as substitute, after scoring 14. Deas joined Bowen at 24, and he left at 27, spooning a ball to Clarke, the bowler. Moore followed, and Anderson bowled him just as the bell rang for time. The match was ended in a draw. Full score and analyses:—

So taking Writer out of the XI., the Parsees have Mistri, Mehta, Bulsara, Driver and Gagrat to bowl, Kanga to keep wicket, and Mistri, Gagrat, Kanga, Modi, H. D. Kanga and Daruwalla as dependable batsmen. For the 11th place I should certainly advise Kharas, Bapasola or Machliwalla—in fact, I should have thought that these three, if in practise, ought to have played. The fact of the matter is, that so much nonsense was written and talked last year after the Presidency matches about the decline of the Parsees, and their want of new men, etc., that the Selection Committee have determined to give their new blood a chance; and it seems as though they have sacrificed the strength of their team in giving trial to these new cricketers. Still they are a good side as at present arranged, and will assuredly give a good account of themselves, and if the Presidency have to do without the services of the two barristers, Raikes and Jardine, the match may be a very even one. But a man who tries to prophecy the result of a cricket match is as rash as a weather prophet.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MOUNTED SPORTS.

The mud sports were continued last eveving, and the following are the results of the events which were contested:—

TENT PEGGING AND TILTING.

(Ponies.)

Mr P F Fischer — 1
Lieutenant C Corbett — 2
Mr Napier — 3

(Horses.)

Mr Rivers-Smith — 1
Captain Creigh — 2
Lieutenant Corbett — 3

PONY JUMPING.

Mr P F Fischer's g w p Goat-moth — 1

The second place was not awarded. The entries in this event were very unsatisfactory, there being only three competitors; but this was, however, accounted for by the counter-attraction on the cricket maidan.

TANDEM DRIVING.—Competitors to drive one horse and to ride another trotting.

Mr Rivers-Smith — 1
Lieutenant Courage — 2
Mr Couvela — 3

CHATTY RACE (Ladies' nomination).—The Competitors had to ride a given course, to where the Chatties were placed on the ground, to pick up one of these chatties on a short bamboo stick and to carry it where the nominatrix were standing; when they dismounted, and placed the chatty on a pole, and the nominatrix had to break the chatty by throwing a polo ball at it. The competitors to remount and return to the starting post. The shortest time to win.

Mr Couvela — 1
Mr Schwab — 2

HORSE SCURRY.—Distance Handicap.

Lieut C S Townsend's b a g Osman, owner — 1
Mr Thornton, owner — 2
Mr Rivers-Smith's c w m Grisette, Lieut Corbett — 3

Won easily. A short neck between second and third.

SPORT IN ENGLAND.

INTER-VARSITY ATHLETIC CONTEST.

AMERICAN TRIALS.

YACHTING NOTES.

LONDON, JULY 21.

On Monday the members of the Yale and Harvard team made their last appearance at West Kensington prior to the great contest against Oxford and Cambridge next Saturday. Three important trials took places, viz., the Sprint, the Quarter-mile, and that for the selection of second string in the Hurdle race. The 100 Yards trial resulted in F. J. Quinlan (Harvard) just beating C. Dupre (Yale), who finished strongly in front of F. S. Blount (Yale) and J. T. Roche, jun., the Harvard captain. Considering the capital condition of the track, the time, 10 3-5sec., was not fast. D. Boardman (Yale) beat the Yale captain, T. R. Fisher, jun., by three yards in the Quarter-mile. The time was 50 4-5sec. The men were both thoroughly run out. As a result of Boardman's fast time T. E. Burke (Harvard) will be kept back for the Half-mile. He was doing short distances on Monday at half speed, and everyone admired the way in which he went. Hallowell (Harvard) and W. M. Fincke (Yale) ran a trial on Monday to decide who should parther F. Z. Fox (Harvard) in the 120 Yards Hurdle, and after a well-run race, in 16sec., Hallowell finished a good yard ahead. Morse, of Harvard, who is reserve man for both jumping events, did a deal of work on Monday both before and after lunch. He cleared 5ft. 10in. in the "High," and over 21ft. in the "Long." The three milers, C. K. Palmer (Yale), H. B. Clarke, and H. W. Foote, both of Harvard, ran a steady two laps. The former showed the better style. Neither, however, looks a flyer. A similar remark applies to the mile men P. Smith and C. B. Spitzer, Yale, and White, who ran a lap and a half later in the day. The hammer-throwers were out in the morning, but after W. A. Boal, Harvard, had thrown the missile 130 feet, the fastening of the handle broke on the hard turf, and practice was thereupon discontinued. Also on view were the Englishmen, H. R. Parkes, Christ Church, Oxford, and W. G. Paget-Tomlinson, Trinity Hall, Cambridge, who did good work over the hurdles and practising starts with their mentor, Mr. C. N. Jackson. A. M. Hollins, Hertford, Oxford, led H. E. Graham, Jesus, Cambridge, and C. W. F. Struben, Oxford, round the track at a fast rate. Both the half-milers went very nicely, while Hollins finished well, although it is outside his distance. H. S. Adair and G. C. Vassall, both Oriel, Oxford, were jumping, and if the former has not a great chance against his formidable antagonist in the "High," it is some consolation to him to know that the acting President of the English team got well over 23 feet in one of his efforts in the Long Jump. The English sprinters were not up in town. They (C. R. Thomas, Jesus, Oxford, and A. E. Hind, Trinity Hall, Cambridge) both know the path well, and are perfectly satisfied with the grass track at "The Saffoos." They are both fit and well.

Once more the Eton and Harrow match has been abandoned unfinished. It is noteworthy that this year the weather was not responsible for this unsatisfactory termination, for there was no interruption in the two days' play, which continued from eleven in the morning till seven in the evening. With a hard plumb wicket and batting teams such as the leading public schools now turn out, it is impossible to finish a match in two days except by luck or accident. At the drawing of stumps the game looked like a good thing for Eton. This was rather a surprise to those who had watched the earlier performances of both elevens. The Eton batting was certainly very good both in style and defence, and their bowling was better than anyone expected. Dowson was, however, beyond all question the best all-round cricketer on the ground. If the wic

Abel's wicket, and, but for mistakes, two or three more men would have been dismissed. The collapse of their team means a very severe blow to Essex financially, as this match is always considered the most profitable of the regular season. Judging from the crowd on the opening day, I feel sure that the grave error which was made in the preparation of the wicket must have cost the club at least £500, as on a good pitch it would have been certain to have run well into the third day. There is another thing which certainly merits the attention of the Essex Committee, and that is, there is plenty of room for improvement in the fielding. It was very moderate indeed in the Surrey match, and had the home side shown the smartness of their opponents they might have, even after their disatrous collapse to start with, made a respectable finish. I am afraid there are too many veterans in the team, and the runs they get are frequently more than balanced by those they give to their opponents by indifferent fielding. Old men cannot be expected to be as "nippy" as youngsters. But there is no getting away from one thing. In the Surrey match, from the mistake, as it seems, made by the Essex captain in not sending in his opponents first, luck all went one way. Essex could do nothing right till they managed to avert a single innings defeat. This is the only redeeming feature of a most inglorious display, and one which I shall not readily forget. By the way, it seems as if there was a reason for the poor wickets at the Essex County Ground.

The Shamrock got under weigh on Monday, and sailed out of Southampton Water under mainsail, jib, and foresail. The wind was light up the river, so that there was a brief trial of the merits of the yacht as a light weather craft. She showed good speed, and even in the light airs sent up a pretty wave of foam under her lee bow, and also proved herself very quick in stays. Outside the Castle she found a fresher breeze from the south-east, and she fetched right across to Cowes Roads, setting her jib-headed topsail "en route." In the Roads she went on the starboard tack, and set her jib topsail, and then sailed away to the eastward, making long boards after she had passed Old Castle Point. She presented a noble sight under full canvas. The Britannia had previously weighed anchor and proceeded from Cowes Roads, also to the eastwards, but she was a couple of miles away when the Shamrock made a fair start off Norris Castle, and the two yachts were not brought into competition at all. When below Ryde, the Shamrock headed for Cowes Roads, and ran up, with the wind right aft, under spinnaker boomed out to port, her immense spread of canvas being the admiration of all beholders. The wind lightened when she was in Osborne Bay, but she came through the water quickly and dropped just west of Old Castle Point, where she remained for the night. Sir Thomas Lipton's steam yacht Erin was in attendance upon her all day. A conclusive proof of the Shamrock's powers was forthcoming on the following day, when the Britannia raced her to the "Nab" and back. There was a very good wind blowing, so there was excellent opportunity of testing which was the better boat. The Prince of Wales was among the spectators of the race. The Britannia set the whole of her lower canvas and jack yards. The Shamrock had a jib header, on the first tack. The Britannia got on the weather side of the Shamrock, but the latter got the weather beam on the next tack, and sailing closer to the wind than the Britannia got well to windward, and half an hour after the start was three-quarters of a mile ahead. The Shamrock won by thirteen minutes.

The Royal Victoria Club's Races were again in luck's way on Thursday, a fine sailing breeze from the south-east enabling the club committee to carry out their arrangements to the letter. The 36-footers made a good class, Kestrel putting in an appearance after her alterations, and Westra had a mainsail instead of a lug. Flavia was a good winner, and was sailed by Mr. C. Hughes. Mr. A. E. Orr-Ewing at the helm of his own vessel, Endrick, was second, and Kestrel third. The 30-footers had a great fight for the weather berth at the start. Ladybird was first away, with Beryl to windward, the latter drew into first place at the windward mark, but was eventually passed by the new American designed craft Swanhilde II., who finished a comfortable winner, Bery being second, a few seconds ahead of Ladybird. Marjorie is undergoing alterations, and will sail again to-morrow; the match between the Swanhilde and herself is looked forward to with great interest. The one-design class crossed the line in a mass, no fewer than seventeen boats competing. The winner turned up in Mazarka, a close finish for second resulting in Annetta getting home from Volage. The new Poppet, built by Sibbick, raced away from the rest of the 24-footers off the wind, but was caught on the best home by Speedwell, who, sailing in splended style, won by 13 seconds from Poppet, Thetis finishing third. The 18-footers had their usually close race, the Melita, who seems to be in better form just now, winning nicely from Sayonara who had a good lead of Larkspur at the finish. Mr. Sutton added another first to his already long string in the Redwings. Prizes nowadays are apt to run with depressing monotony in the direction of silver cups and other more or less ornamental specimens of plate, and the owner of a successful racing yacht generally finds himself embarrassed by the possession of a collection of silver for which it is difficult to find corners in an ordinary dwelling. For next year's regatta the committee of the Campbeltown Yacht Club has been promised a prize which is probably unique and will make a novel and interesting addition to any collection of trophies. It will be, says the "Yachting World," in the form of a cup, and a copper cup at that, but its chief interest will lie in the fact that the copper from which it will be made is part of the sheathing of Nelson's flagship Foudroyant. An eminent firm of silversmiths has been entrusted with the task of shaping the metal in attractive and appropriate design, and the fortunate winner will have both a beautiful tropny and an historical relic. The German Emperor has intimated his intention of giving a cup and second and third prizes to be sailed for on Friday, August 4, one of the days of the Cowes regatta week. The race, a handicap, will be open to schooners and yawls of forty tons Thames measurement and upwards which do not generally sail in handicap races.

MUNICIPAL WORKS AND TAXES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that the public are groaning under the weight of heavy taxation, rendered all the more grievous by reason of plague, and threatened famine, I beg to solicit, through your columns, the serious attention of the Municipal Councillors to the need of devising measures whereby some relief may be afforded to ratepayers. All works which are not of an urgent character mizht be suspended, and all increments to highly paid officers and servants should be withheld until the finances are bettered. In addition to heavy taxes, house-owners have to bear the cost of drainage, and I am extremely sorry to find that the Municipal Councillors do not yet see their way to effecting reductions in the direction pointed out.—Yours, etc.,

RATEPAYER.

Aug. 8.

THANA NEWS.

OUR local correspondent, writing on Tuesday says:—Mr. Govind, Raghunath Dhabolkar, Deputy Chitnis to the Collector of Thana, has been appointed Second Class Magistrate at Bandora, and he is also invested with the powers of a Mamlatdar in the Thana District, vice Mr. Rafe, who was reduced last week and transferred to Thana to act in place of Mr. Dhabolkar.

A Brahmin female servant was tried by R. B. Kotwal, City Magistrate of Thana, for stealing a currency note of Rs. 50 and a silk Sadi from the bungalow of the District Deputy Collector at Thana, and on conviction sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment on Saturday.

A Parbhoo overseer, who was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 300, belonging to the Taluka Local Fund of Karjat, a month ago, was tried by the Sessions Judge of Thana last week and discharged for want of evidence.

The Danda (Bandora) Parsi girl kidnapping case was tried by Mr. Mohsin Badruain Tyabji, I.C.S., Sessions Judge of Thana, yesterday, and the case was postponed until 11 a.m. to-day. The father of the girl was examined. Mr. Kazi Kabiruain Barrister-at-law of Bombay defended the accused.

Eleven births and thirty-four deaths were registered in the town at Thana during the past week.

There were seventeen cases of plague and twelve deaths in Thana during the last week. There are twelve patients in the plague Hospital and thirty-five persons in the Observation Camp to-day.

Twenty cents of rain fell here on Saturday and twenty cents on Sunday. Total fall to Sunday July 30, twenty-nine inches. Total fall to same date last year 1898, was seventy inches.

AMATEUR VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

THE Gaiety Theatre was crowded to excess on Tuesday evening, on the occasion of a variety entertainment given by a number of local gentlemen. The concert was arranged by Mr. D. B. Binning and friends, and the proceeds will be given to the nursing funds of St. George's Hospital. The first part of the programme went with a swing, and after an introductory performance by the orchestra, under Mr. S. Dove, the rising curtain revealed the entrance of the Bigophone Band, who were led by Drum-Major Millar, who twirled his stick in the most approved manner and put his musicians through the preliminary evolutions in true martial style. As the bandsmen formed up across the stage, "Lieutenant Schneyder," in full military uniform, and a monsoon umbrella under his arm, marched in, his appearance evoking tremendous applause. His song, the "Battersea Butterfly Shooters," was accompanied by the Bigophone Band, and their combined performance was a great success, an encore being vociferously demanded. Mr. Defreece's comic songs were the best feature of the programme, his song, "From a Baby's point of view," being delightful. Encore followed encore, and his last effort, "A little bit off the top," was certainly not the least appreciated. Messrs. Wimbush and Sheepshanks gave a topical duet, which was not devoid of merit, while their dance was prettily done. Drum-Major Millar and his band were much in evidence in the "Soldiers in the Park," and the enthusiasm of the audience would be satisfied with nothing less than a repetition. A coon song and dance was performed by Messrs. Brooks and Wimbush, with lime light effects, the steps of the dance being very gracefully taken, and Mr. Wimbush, who filled Mr. Bergne's place at short notice, is to be congratulated upon the merit of his performance. A grand *Pas de Nuit*, in which Messrs. Binning, Brooks, Haig-Brown, Durnford, Nigel-Jones, Sheepsnanks, and Wimbush took part, concluded this part of the programme. After the interval the farce, "Box and Cox," was given by Messrs. Binning, Bice, and Sheepshanks, each doing justice to his part. Mr. Thesiger was responsible for the artistic work on the programme. The Orchestra, under Mr. Seymour Dove, played special selections and accompanied the singers. Mr. Binning is to be congratulated on the success of the entertainment, which is the more remarkable seeing that he had had many disappointments. Captain Cuppage, Mr. Bergne, Mr. Sugden, Mr. Lindsay, and Mr. Birkett, all of whom were originally chosen to take prominent parts, were prevented from being present. That the show, despite these drawbacks, went well speaks highly for the *esprit de corps* of the workers connected with Mr. Binning in his venture.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle & Lower Colaba, Fort Southern, Fort Northern and Esplanade	4	0	4
B Manavi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	6	2	15
C Market, Dhond Talao, Famastown, Bhuleshwar, Khan Talao and Kumbharwada	8	0	16
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeanwar and Malabar Hill	6	1	9
E Mazagon, Parwadi, Jail Nagpada, Kamatipara, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	4	2	25
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	4
G Mahim and Worlee	1	0	10
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	4	10
Total	29	9	93
Total plague deaths to date	47,191	41,160	
Same date last year	17	10	95

INSPECTION STATIONS.

In modification of the arrangements for the medical examination of travellers by railway His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the following arrangements with effect after the 10th July 1899:—

I.—B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

1 Dohad.—Inspection of passengers and local departures in down trains, and of passengers alighting from up and down trains. Disinfection by boiling.

2 Bordi.—Inspection of local departures in down trains.

3 Anas.—Inspection of local departures in down trains.

4 Anand.—Inspection of passengers in down trains from Bombay and of local departures in down trains.

5 Palghar.—Inspection of passengers and local departures in down trains.

II.—G. I. P. RAILWAY.

1 Kalyan.—Inspection of passengers and local departures in all down trains from Bombay.

N.B.—In the 14-30 daily fast Poona train, Poona passengers, who are locked into separate compartments, are not examined at Kalyan but at Poona.

2 Kirkee.—Inspection of departures in up trains.

3 Poona.—Inspection of passengers in all down trains from Bombay except the Madras Mail, which is examined at Sholapur. Inspection of all arrivals and through passengers in up trains on the Southern Maratha Railway. Inspection of local departures in up and down trains. Disinfection by steam.

4 Sholapur.—Barrier inspection of all arrivals by up and down trains, inspection of all through passengers and local departures in the down Madras Mail and in all up trains. Disinfection by steam.

5 Nasik.—Inspection of local departures in up and down trains.

6 Bhusaval.—Inspection of all passengers and local departures in down trains. Disinfection by steam.

III.—SOUTHERN MARATHA RAILWAY.

1 Wadhar.—Inspection of arrivals in down trains.

2 Sitara Road.—Inspection of all passengers and local departures in up and down trains.

3 Belgaum.—Barrier inspection of departures in up ane down trains.

4 Londa.—Inspection of arrivals in up and down trains and through and local departures in trains towards Goa.

5 Hubli.—Inspection of all passengers and local departures in up and down trains. Disinfecion by steam.

6 Bagalkot.—Inspection of all passengers and local departures in up and down trains. Disinfection by boiling.

BARODA ANTI-PLAGUE PILLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Khan Bahadur Dr. Samsudin J. Sulemani, chief medical officer, Baroda State, in his evidence before the Plague Commission stated as follows with regard to his well-known plague preventive pills, each containing quinine grs. ½, ipecacuanha gr. 1-4, camphor gr. 1-4, and carbolic acid m 1-4:—"Medical men, nurses, and menials numbering in all 171 persons and working in Government Plague Hospitals, were advised to take the pills daily, two each, one in the morning and another in the evening, and the result was that only one servant in the Dalyowadi Plague Hospital in Baroda was attacked with plague, but he got well. One nurse in connection with the Savli Plague Hospital succumbed to the disease. On making inquiries it was found that the nurse had never used the pills. Another nurse, and one compounder escaped with a mild attack of the disease."

"From the accounts that have appeared in newspapers regarding the evidence given by Medical Officers before the Plague Commission it seems that eight servants and four hospital assistants connected with Plague Hospitals in Bangalore, were attacked with plague, of whom seven servants and all the four hospital assistants died, and only one servant recovered." "Some medical men and nurses working in Plague Hospitals fell victims to the disease at Bombay and elsewhere." Now the question arises as to why medical men, nurses and servant working in Plague Hospitals in the Baroda territory should have suffered so little as compared with hospital assistants and servants attached to Plague Hospitals at Bangalore. It is very likely that it was the use of the pills, that saved medical men, &c., of the Plague Hospitals in the Baroda State.

The efficacy of the pills has been proved at several places. They can be ordered from a druggist in any number, and easily used by people themselves. No medical aid is required for their administration, and so the population of a whole town or of its affected parts can at once protect itself against the fell disease with great ease.

It would therefore be advisable to use the pills freely at places like Poona, where plague is raging. Daily burning of fresh Neem so leaves, as to produce dense smoke in houses infected or not is a good precaution against plague.—Yours, &c.,

B.

Aug. 8.

THE Madras Board of Revenue has been requested to submit, at as early a date as possible, detailed proposals as to the areas to which the Madras Registration of Births and Deaths Act of 1899 should be extended. The Board has also been requested to submit draft Rules under Section 20 of this Act, with respect to such matters as are required for the immediate working of the Act in the areas to which it may be applied. Further Rules may be elaborated in the light of experience.

LIABILITY OF AN UNQUALIFIED MEDICAL PRACTITIONER.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Elapa Patona Vaidya, a native "doctor" practising at Bazaar Road, Kamatipura, was charged with failing to give information to the Executive Health Officer of a plague case and contravening the provisions of section 421 of the Bombay Municipal Act. Mr. Crawford, of Messrs. Crawford, Brown & Co., Solicitors, assisted by Mr. J. Leask, acting Health Officer, prosecuted.

Mr. Crawford, in opening the case, read section 421 of the Municipal Act, which provided that every medical practitioner, who treated or became cognisant of a case of dangerous disease, should give information of the same with the least possible delay to the Executive Health Officer. The accused, who was a native practitioner, was charged with treating for two days one Ganpatsing Ramprasad, who was, as he knew, attacked with plague, and with failing to give the information of the same to the Health Department. It might be suggested that unqualified practitioners were not "medical practitioners." But he submitted there was no force in that suggestion because one who held himself out as medical practitioner and earned his livelihood by it must be taken as a medical practitioner within the meaning of the sec. 421 of the Act. Moreover, this was made clear by section 415, which referred to only qualified medical practitioners, and if the Legislature intended to confine section 421 to duly qualified medical practitioners it should have expressly said so.

On being questioned by the court the accused admitted the truth of the complainant and stated that he did not know the law on the subject. He had lately opened a charitable dispensary, from where the party concerned had obtained the medicine.

Mr. Crawford said he did not press for a heavy penalty. The object of bringing this case was that it should be generally known that the *vaids* or the native practitioners were responsible in the matter just as much as the duly qualified medical practitioners. He added that the patient, who was under the treatment of the accused, had died.

The magistrate inquired if any steps had been taken to notify to the medical practitioners the law on the subject.

Mr. Crawford said that a circular over the signature of the Municipal Commissioner had been published in the newspapers drawing special attention to the matter. The circular had also been distributed to the medical practitioners in Bombay.

The magistrate, in disposing of the case, remarked that it was a matter of great importance that cases of plague should be reported at once to the authorities. Under the section the offenders in this respect were liable to a maximum fine of Rs. 100, and he thought in this case a substantial fine must be inflicted in order to deter others like the accused from committing the same offence. The accused was fined Rs. 20.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

DR. N. N. KATRAK presided at the weekly meeting of the Standing Committee, held yesterday afternoon, in the Municipal Council Hall. There were also present Messrs. T. W. Cable, Hartley Kennedy, Professor O. V. Muller, the Hon'ble Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna, Drs. Ismail Jan Mahomed, A. G. Viegas, the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, Messrs. Mulji B. Barbhaya, K. N. Kabraji, Mir Aun Ali, K. N. Wadia, Mr. W. L. Harvey, Municipal Commissioner, and Mr. M. N. Wadia, the Secretary.

KUMBHARWADA CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

On the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner the Committee gave its sanction to the continuance of the Kumbharwada Charitable Dispensary for a further period of three months from the 1st instant, at a monthly expenditure of Rs. 280. It was stated that since the opening of the dispensary in November 1898 to the 25th June last, 10,022 patients had been treated.

A PRIVATE MARKET.

The Committee considered petition, dated the 31st July, 1899, to the president and members of the Corporation, from Sirdar Khan Bahadur Kassum Haji Mitha, appealing against the refusal of the Municipal Commissioner to grant a license for an extension of his private market near the Dadar Railway Station, for which he has converted his bungalow, No. 171, a joining the said market into additional market accommodation; and praying that the Commissioner be directed to license the extension. It was resolved to refer the letter to the Commissioner for favour of his remarks.

A NEIGHBOUR'S COMPLAINT.

The Committee considered letter to the Chairman and members of the Standing committee, dated the 3rd August, 1899, from Mr. Muncherjee Nowrosjee Davar, of Walkeshwar Road, complaining as follows: "Ramchand Pamalal Baboo, the owner of the premises at Ridge Road, commits horrible nuisances in my premises at Walkeshwar Road, purposely allowing his domestic servants to dip dirty clothes in cask filled with water, wash them and upset the cask thus driving in my compound the dirtiest water for nearly the whole of the day daily, and this damp moisture is likely to seriously injure the health of my wife and also my sister-in-law, both attacked with rheumatic gout since several years." He further stated that on his complaint Municipal officers had made enquiries in the matter, but done nothing.

Dr. Viegas remarked that it was a matter concerning private individuals only and they should settle their differences in a court of law. He would, however, refer the letter to the Commissioner for his remarks.

The Commissioner stated that he had called upon the party concerned to obtain his premises.

It was resolved to refer the letter to the Commissioner for disposal.

SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS.

On the motion of Mr. Cable, seconded by Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, it was resolved to approve and adopt report of the sub-committee of the Standing Committee on the question of receiving short period deposits from the public. It was further resolved to forward the report to the Corporation with the recommendation of the Standing Committee that Government be moved to legislate for investing the Corporation with the power to raise money on bills of currency not exceeding twelve months on the lines of section 21 of 60 and 61 Vict. C. 220, and with the special provisions suggested by the Commissioner in his report.

A QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE LEAVE.

Mr. C. Chandler, head plumber on the house-connection staff, having applied for three months' privilege leave it was resolved that the cost of acting arrangements during his absence be deducted from his pay. A proposition was moved by Dr. Viegas affirming that Mr. Chandler was not entitled to privilege leave under the Civil Service Regulations as the duties of his appointment could not be carried out without a substitute requiring additional expense, but it was thrown out.

After transacting some other business the Committee adjourned.

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC, LONDON.

RESULT OF THE BOMBAY MUSICAL KNOWLEDGE EXAMINATION.

THE second yearly examination in Musical Theory in connection with the above college was held last month and the results were forthcoming this mail from the board of examiners in London. There is a decided tendency towards improvement this year, and the Parsee candidates have predominated as regards marks, most of them nearly approaching the maximum number allowed by the college. Those who entered for the Junior and Intermediate Divisions have been successful on the whole, but not so in the Senior. Out of five candidates who entered for this (Pass Section) only one young lady obtained sufficient marks necessary, and all those who entered for Senior Honours were unsuccessful. The following are the names of those who are entitled to signed certificates from the College and which will arrive in due course:—Junior Division (Pass Section) Alice Otto, Baiai Limji Palamkote, Jaijee C. Nazir, Honours: Baiai Limji Paiamkote, Jai K. H. Kabraji, Intermediate (Pass Section) Miss Bertha Gertrude Schaffter (Hyderabad), Bhikhaiji L. Palamkote, Rustam B. Motivalla, Soonabai Shapurjee Jusavala, Avabai S. Jasavala. Intermediate Division Honours: Rustam B. Motivala, Bhikaiji L. Palamkote, Soonabai Shapurji Jassavala, Avabai S. Jasavala. Senior Division (Pass Section,) Miss Clara Jones (Mhow C. I. Dr. William Creser Mus Doc Oxon and Organist to Her Majesty's Chaples Royal St. James will come out to examine those who have entered for the Practical examination this year and will arrive by an early mail next month. All communications respecting same should be addressed to Mr. Seymour Dove, the Local Secretary.

THE Madras Harbour Trust Board has recently been involved in litigation, the cost of which amounted to about Rs. 40,000, the cause of dispute being a claim made against it for the value of 816 tons of coal delivered to it in July, 1896. Mr. Justice Shephard delivered judgment against the Board, not agreeing with it that it was protected by certain By-laws, as it considered it was. In consequence of this, and in accordance with the recommendation of Government and the Advocate-General, it was decided to draw up the new set of twenty-three By-laws, published in the last *Gazette* which are to supersede all those made by the Board that are at present in force.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT C. G. LEWIS succeeds to the Adjutancy of the Essex Regiment, vice Lieutenant Legge, whose tenure expires on the 1st September.

QUARTERMASTER SERGEANT R. FELLTEAD, Suffolks, is promoted to the Quartermastership of that battalion, vice Captain Norris, retired.

CAPTAIN G. B. ARBOUIN, Shropshire Light Infantry, is permitted to resign his commission.

LIEUTENANT A. B. FORMAN, 72nd Field Battery, Bellary, is appointed to F. Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, Sialkote.

LIEUTENANT G. R. F. TALBOT is transferred from J. Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, Umballa, to the Depot of the Royal Horse Artillery at Woolwich and ordered to proceed home.

LIEUTENANT A. S. COTTON, 54th Battery Royal Field Artillery, Meerut, is appointed to J. Battery Royal Horse Artillery, Umballa, vice Lieutenant Talbot.

THE following officers of the Royal Army Medical Corps, coming to India for a tour of service, are posted to the Commands mentioned:—Lieutenant-Colonel B. F. Biennerhassett, Bombay; Lieutenant S. L. W. Norrington and S. A. Archer, Bengal.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

HALF YEARLY REPORT.

THE following is the report of the committee for the half year ending 30th June, 1899, to be submitted to the general meeting to be held in the Pavilion on Monday next:—

The total number of members of the Gymkhana is 1,720 of whom 457 were resident on 30th June, 1899; 75 new members have been elected during the past half hear, and 13 members have resigned; 16 temporary members were elected during the half year.

At the last general meeting held on the 13th day of February, the committee for the year was elected by ballot, the result being as follows *viz*:—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice L. P. Russell.—President. J. A. Jeffrey, Joint Hony. Secy. and Treasurer; Marshall F. Reid, Joint Hony. Secretary; W. A. Haig Brown, Hony. Secretary, Boats; Dr. D. MacDonald, Hony. Secretary, Bowls; Capt. C. G. Carnegy, Hony. Secretary, Cricket; H. G. W. Meikle, Hony. Secretary Golf; C. H. S. Boggs, Hony. Secretary Lawn Tennis; D. Graham, Hony. Secretary Polo; A. C. W. Fosbery, Hony. Secretary Racquet; T. D. Moore, Hony. Secretary, Football and Hockey; F. C. Macrae, T. W. Birkett, P. B. Savile, and F. A. Prevost, additional members.

The following changes have taken place in the committee during the half year:—Polo Secretary.—Mr. J. A. Lord undertook the duties of Polo Secretary on Mr. D. Graham's departure to England. Football and Hockey.—Mr. J. Sheepshanks undertook the duties of Football and Hockey Secretary in place of Mr. T. D. Moore. Cricket Secretary.—Capt. A. E. Aitken undertook the duties of Cricket Secretary on Capt. Carnegy's departure for Europe. Additional member.—Mr. G. H. Townsend accepted the invitation of the committee to join as an additional member in room of Mr. F. C. Macrae who left for England. Joint Honorary Secretary.—Mr. J. B. Stephens undertook the duties of Joint Honorary Secresary on Mr. Marshall F. Reid's departure for England.

CRICKET.

The prospects this season are more promising than they have been for some time previous. There is a greater variety of bowling, and a good supply of very useful batting, and if the full strength can be got together a decidedly useful team can be put into the field. A new and very successful departure this year, has been the institution of two teams playing every Saturday. If ground were available, a third team could very often be put in the field, as the two teams above mentioned are insufficient to meet the wants of all who wish to play. The only remaining point of interest is the ground, which is in an exceedingly bad condition so much so that action is absolutely necessary for improving it or no cricket ground will be left to play on. The committee have already taken steps in this matter and they hope before long, to be able to relay the whole of the pitch, lay water on and generally improve the ground so as to ensure a wicket worthy of this Gymkhana.

POLO.

During the past six months there has been a game practically every day on which the ground was available, and latterly the numbers of players has very considerably increased. At the end of May two matches were played, Navy *vs.* Army, and United Services *vs.* Gymkhana both resulting in closely contested and interesting games. On July 13th at a general meeting of Polo players held in the Gymkhana it was decided to send a Team to compete in the Poona Junior Tournament in September, and Mr. Stracey was elected Captain and requested to select the team.

RACQUETS.

The court has been fairly well attended during the past six months. The average number of players per month was 28 against 21 for the corresponding six months last year. At a meeting of Racquet players it was decided to alter the date of the Annual Tournament to the race week, the Tournament was accordingly held during the week commencing February 20th and was won by Mr. J. G. Greig Bo. S. C. Six players entered. The annual repairs to the roof of the court were carried out during May and at the same time a glass skylight with side opening shutters on the centre of the roof was erected, and the old venetians in the side corner windows removed and replaced by opening glass windows. The heat in the court is generally agreed to be considerably lessened thereby.

LAWN TENNIS

continues to flourish. The "creeper" which was planted last monsoon round all the courts is a great improvement. The Marryat Challenge Cup was again won by Mr. J. G. Greig. The Western India Challenge Cup Singles by Dr. Ransome and the Doubles by Messrs. H. C. Brooks and W. Reid Jr. The Single handicap was won by Mr. E. F. Nicholson and the Doubles by Messrs. H. S. Lawrence and A. F. Williamson.

BOATS.

The Committee are disappointed at the slight patronage which has been bestowed on Boats in spite of the fact that a considerable sum has been spent on providing 4 New Skiffs by Salter of Oxford. It is hoped they will be better patronised later in the monsoon at the end of which a small local regatta will probably be held on the Bandra water.

GOLF.

During the cold weather and up to the end of the season the first half of the round was rather spoiled by the huts erected by the plague authorities, the season was otherwise successful and terminated in April, Dr. R. J. Marshall, Mr. O. Marshall, and Mr. Fischer, winning the Blackheath, St. George's and Forty-two Medals respectively. The new season has already begun and an unusually large number of Golfers are playing regularly.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

Prospects are generally good, a larger number of players turning out than has been the case for some time, the difficulty being to arrange matches. A good Tournament is looked for.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

is going very strong, a long list of fixtures having been arranged. The team is doing well, and this branch of footer has now taken root to stay for good.

HOCKEY

was started in April this year and this innovation turned out to be extremely popular. There have been a great number of members playing, so many in fact that on some occasions it was found very difficult to fit them all in.

BOWLS.

During the half year the interest in bowls continued, and the Challenge Cup presented by the committee of the Gymkhana was for the first time played for; Mr. A. Smith succeeded in winning the Cup, which he holds until it is won by some one else. The Cup will be played for twice, or possibly three times every year. The bowling green having got into a very bad condition the green is to be turfed, during the monsoon, with good grass turf, the general committee having sanctioned the necessary funds.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR A. K. LESLIE, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 10th August, 1899.

1. Leave of absence for six months from the 12th instant has been granted to Gunner J Hamer, B. V. A.

By Order,
A. J. PEILE, Captain, R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

IN the case instituted by the Bank of Madras (Colombo Branch) against Ramanathen Chetty, for Rs. 66,589, summons was returnable on the 3rd instant; but as the defendant was reported to be in India, summons was reissued, returnable on the 5th proximo, to be served on the defendant wherever he is.

THE President of the District Board, Kistna, lately represented to Government that since the formation of Phirangipuram into a Union, in January, 1896, the inhabitants have sent in numerous petitions to Government and the District Board desiring that the Union may be dissolved. With the single exception of the Chairman, there is no member of the Panchayat who takes any interest in the affairs of the Union. This being the case, Government has directed that the Phirangipuram Union and its Panchayat shall be dissolved with effect from the 1st October.

THE EDITOR OF "PUNCH" ON HIS COLLEAGUES.

THE ORIGIN OF "DROPPING THE PILOT."

HOW SUCCESS KILLED MR. DU MAURIER

To the summer number of "The Pall Mall Magazine" Mr. F. C. Burnand contributes the third and last instalment of his chatty and entertaining reminiscences of old colleagues of the "Punch" staff. Of Sir John Tenniel, Mr. Linley Sambourne, Mr. Arthur a Beckett, Mr. E. T. Reed, and Mr. Phil May he says nothing, alleging as his reason that as they are still in the land of the living, they might contradict him, and "contradiction flies to his head." But he has anecdotes of Thackeray, Leech, Mark Lemon, Shirley Brooks, Tom Taylor, Charles Bennett, Percival Leigh, Charles Keene, Horace Mayhew, Gilbert a Beckett, George Du Maurier, and E. J. Millikin, whose spirits must have haunted the old convivial meeting place in Bouverie-street until it was destroyed only the other day when Messrs. Bradbury, Agnew, and Co.'s fine new printing works were built upon the same spot. Truly a notable band, these, who used to gather together round the famous mahogany tree, a band who have given to Mr. Punch's back numbers a permanent place in our libraries. Some are almost forgotten; others have made for themselves a name in literature apart from their contributions with pen and pencil to the great satirical journal. Among the almost forgotten ones is Horace Mayhew, whom Mr. Burnand only knew after his best work was done. Mayhew, who was generally called by his friends "Poni," (pronounced Ponny), because he had in a fit of

EARLY REVOLUTIONARY ENTHUSIASM

written a song called "Poniatowski's Banner," which he inflicted upon his friends until they would stand it no longer, was a decidedly eccentric being. He was dubbed by his literary associates "The Wicked Marquis," his appearance suggesting the prfligateo nobleman in the illustrated French romances of the Monte Cristo period. In his youth he had resided in Paris, and he passed at the "Punch" gatherings for a profound authority on the French language, and Parisian manners and customs, until the advent of "Kiki" Du Maurier, whose knowledge of Paris, and particularly Bohemian Paris, was so like Sam Weller's knowledge of London, that henceforth the Wicked Marquis only spoke of affairs French humbly and under correction. Conviviality is all very well once a week at a "Punch" dinner, but too much of it was the ruin of poor Mayhew. One of his contemporaries was Percival Leigh, the "Professor," as he was called, who was no less eccentric. Leigh had whimsical notions as to eating and lodging. Some strange dish, which Mr. Burnand describes as "essence of toadstools and assafœtida sauce," was to him a delight, and he was ever ready to recommend all sorts of old wives' remedies. He considered himself an authority on such widely different subjects as metaphysics, phrenology, surgery, logic, and the Hampshire dialect, but his colleagues do not seem to have taken his learning seriously, any more than they did his old wives' remedies.

A FAVOURITE AMUSEMENT

of his was to go mushroom gathering in the parks, and on this subject Mr. Burnand has an anecdote to relate: One Sunday, in the most wooded and least frequented part of Richmond Park, I was walking with a friend, when we espied the Professor, his usual wallet slung by a strap over his shoulder, prowling about under a broad-spreading oak, prodding the ground with his stick, evidently enjoying a hunger-walk, and on the point of running his game to earth. We hid behind a tree, and, just as the Professor was stooping to gather some very choice specimens, and probably gloating over them while anticipating their fizzling in the sweet-smelling stew-pan, I, preserving my invisibility, called out sharply, in a gruff voice: "Hi, there! What are you doing?" The Professor started like some guilty creature caught in the act, whatever the act might be. He sprang "to attention," looked about, peered, hesitated, meditated; then, finally deciding that it was all imagination, he once more bent down to gather up the precious fungi. Just as the gentle ruminant ogre was about to seize upon his prey, I shouted again, this time ferociously: "Here, you there! This won't do, you know!" And, once more the Professor started up, paused, and peered. Then, after shading his eyes with his hand, and turning about in every direction, he inquired of nobody quite mildly: "Who's that?" No answer. He was puzzled. Was it the voice of conscience that refused to be stifled? Evidently he could not decide, so, after a pause, raising his voice a little, he asked: "Any one speaking to me?" In the most innocent manner possible. It was just like the clown, when that simple-minded thing is intercepted in his usual predatory attempt on the pantomimic-butcher's shop. We stepped out of our ambush and advanced towards him. "Hallo, Professor!" How delighted he was! And how relieved! How he at once forgave, and then chuckled over the practical joke at his expense! And, in the sudden consciousness of complete security, how eagerly did he gather up his treasures, expatiating the while on their succulent qualities! Then we three walked to the gate. At the lodge, the Professor candidly confessed that "he had thought it was one of those chaps," meaning the park-keepers. So we bade him good-bye, and he went his way to Hammersmith, rejoicing in having had a real day's sport, and congratulating himself on a first-rate "bag."

SHIRLEY BROOKS,

who succeeded Mark Lemon in the editorship, is described by Mr. Burnand as handsome, sparkling-eyed, brilliant in conversation, quick-tempered but easy-going, and the cheeriest of cheery boon companions. He had a facile knack of versifying, and could write a stinging epigram, a genial paragraph, or a light and airy article, according to his humour at the moment. He was Carlton-suggested-in-chief long before he was editor, and his "Essence of Parliament" was very popular. Mr. E. J. Milliken, we are told was one of the best, kindest, and most loyal of men. "The Daily News" may claim some share of him, as he was a contributor to these columns. It was he who wrote the graceful verses with the refrain, "These Fifty Years," which served as a preface to the Jubilee issue of this journal. "Carlo" was the nicknaame of Mr. Charles Keene, who was as penurious as the Scottish folk he was unrivalled in depicting in black-and-white. In this respect he resembled the Professor. When the two turned up in evening dress at a social gathering, Keene, it seems, looked like a circus master out of place, and Mayhew had the air of an undertaker who had seen better days. Gilbert a Beckett is was who had the distinction of suggesting the subject of

SIR JOHN TENNIEL'S FINE CARTOON

"Dropping the Pilot." It was an inspiration that came to him as the staff sat "all silent and all"—much bothered, as Mr. Burnand puts it, thus slightly altering Wordsworth. But it is one thing to have an idea and another to carry it out. What strength, what mobility, there is in the picture! Sir John Tenniel is indeed the prince of Political cartoonists. Only a small section is seen of the huge ironclad which the old pilot Bismarck is quitting with anxious mien and slow step as he descends the outer companion. Yet what solidity there seems to be in the vessel! Bismarck puts his left hand on its unyielding armour to steady himself in his descent. Above, leaning over the side, is the young master with the Crown on his head, and an air of insouciance that contrasts with the gravity of the old salt who has weathered so many storms. It is a perfect thing of its kind.

Mr. Burnand evidently cherishes a special affection for Mr. Du Maurier, whose social sketches were no less noteworthy in their way than Sir John Tenniel's cartoons. Du Maurier's was a strange fate. After working very hard all his life as an artist he took all of a sudden, when quite an elderly man, to novel-writing, and made a hit that was beyond his wildest dreams. Money came pouring in for dramatic performances of "Trilby," in addition to the large sums he got for that work in the novel form. With boyish delight he said one day: "By Jove, old boy! if this goes on I needn't do another stroke of work." Nevertheless, he insisted on going on working, and working hard. He wanted to profit by his success while there was yet time. But that success came too late. His health was impaired

WRITERS AND READERS.

Sir Wemyss Reid is well advanced with the biography of Lord Playfair which may accordingly be expected in the early autumn. Lord Playfair was one of the ablest scientists of our day, a politician of real influence, and a man of most attractive personality. His career was singularly full and interesting, and the record of it should be in some degree a contribution to history. He was a member of the great royal commission on public health which laid the foundations of modern sanitation. Indeed, his services to the State were many and many sided.

Lord Ronald Gower has just completed his monograph on Sir Thomas Lawrence, the painter, for the Goupil Art Series. He has gathered much new information into it, being able to write of Lawrence with some intimacy. The painter and the members of the ducal family of Sutherland, to which Lord Ronald Gower belongs, were on terms of close friendship. One of Lawrence's finest pictures is his portrait of Lord Ronald Gower's mother seated with his young sister on her knee. The illustrations will introduce the public to Lawrence pictures which, so far, have only been familiar to those having the joy to own them.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor recently contributed to his own weekly paper a series of intimate articles on Parnell. These he is making into a book, which Messrs. Pearson will publish in the autumn, under the title "The Tragedy of Parnell." That very well describes the volume, which will be supplementary to Mr. Barry O'Brien's regular Life of the Irish leader. Mr. O'Connor keeps to the personal note all through, and naturally he has various new lights to throw upon Parnell. The book will be very manageable, in the matter of length, so meeting a condition which becomes more and more definite in regard to personal books.

The memoir of Bishop John Selwyn which Messrs. Isbister are to publish, is now all written. The writer is Mr. F. D. How, the son and biographer of Bishop Walsham How. The younger Selwyn was never so prominent in the public eye as the elder one. Yet, he was a most interesting man, and his experiences as Bishop of Melanesia should make this book very readable. When Patteson was murdered, John Selwyn volunteered to go out to the Pacific, lest the work should lapse. Eventually he was appointed to the bishopric, and was always called "Bishop John," to distinguish him from his father. The work is to appear about the end of August, and will have a portrait of its subject.

A book of poetry that has attracted wide attention in America may possibly be published here during the autumn. The writer is a Californian, Mr. Edwin Markham, and American critics think they have found a new poet in him. Prompted by Millet's realistic drawings of the French peasant laboring through the days and years, he writes a poem to express the man with the hoe, so familiar in the artist's work. It opens thus :—

Bowed by the weight of centuries, he leans
Upon his hoe, and gazes on the ground,
The emptiness of ages in his face,
And on his back the burden of the world.

The American publishing house of Appleton are arranging to have issued an important work which they have in the press. It is a sociological study of "The Races of Europe," by Mr. William Ripley, who lectures on physical geography and anthropology at Columbia University. As an American, he points out that social phenomena have attained their highest and most complex form in Europe. Hence it is the peoples of Europe that he studies, though naturally America comes in now and then. Mr. Ripley has received assistance from the Athropological Society of Great Britain, in particular for his illustrations, which are very numerous.

Mr. Edward Whymper is just issuing with Mr. Murray new editions of his Alpine guide-books to Zermatt and the Matterhorn, and to Chamonix and Mont Blanc. With these editions there go supplementary biographical notices of the oldest guides in the regions described. At Zermatt this is Johann zum Taugwald, who, thirty five years ago, was one of the most expert guides. Now he is seventy-four, crippled by rheumatism and other complaints, and hobbles about with difficulty. Jean Payot is the oldest man at Chamonix as well as the oldest Chamoinard who has acted as guide. He is over ninety, but is in full possession of his faculties and strong in general health.

Some two months ago Mr. George W. E. Russell read a paper at Christ Church, Oxford, on Mr. Gladstone's religious development. It has already been printed for private circulation, and now Messrs. Rivington are to give it to the public. Mr. Russell dedicates the little volume to his friend Canon Scott Holland, "in affectionate remembrance of Oxford and Hawarden." Mr. Gladstone's religious life is reviewed from the time of his boyhood until his death, and the influences which moulded it are set out very clearly. The basis of Mr. Gladstone's faith was touchingly expressed in his will in words which Mr. Russell quotes : "Commending myself to the infinite mercies of God in the Incarnate Son, as my only and sufficient hope."

Speaking of one period in Mr. Gladstone's religious life Mr. Russell says: "I am persuaded that it was not to Rome that Mr. Gladstone looked for a refuge if the Church of England failed him." Mr. Russell thinks that if Mr. Gladstone had been driven out of the Church of England he would have transferred his allegiance to the Episcopal Church of Scotland. To it his father and family had conformed when they made their home in Kincardineshire, and he had been its active benefactor. Mr. Russell says that only those who lived close to Mr. Gladstone could realise the fibre of his religious life, combining the profundity of a saint with the simplicity of a school boy.

Mrs. Hodgson Burnett hopes to have the novel on which she is now working ready for publication by Christmas.—"In Full Cry" is the title of a detective novel by Mr. Richard Marsh which Messrs. White are just bringing out. They have also nearly ready "The Honor of Vivien Bruce," a story by Mrs. Needell, and a shilling volume in paper covers, by Mr. William Le Queux, entitled "Secrets of Monte Carlo."—The next book to be published by Mr. James Bowden is Mrs. C. N. Williamson's story of the Thames, "The House by the Lock." It is a sensational tale. Towards the autumn Messrs. Innes will publish a volume, "Dinah Kellow and Other Stories," by Mr. Christopher Hare.

Mr. James Bowden will forth-with take up his appointment as lay secretary and general manager to the Religious Tract Society. For a certain time, however, he will also continue his work as a publisher. —Herr Neufeld's account of his captivity with the Khalifa will probably be ready in book form during September. It is to be very fully illustrated. Mr. Lionel Cust some time ago finished a history of Eton College for Messrs. Duckworth's English Public Schools Series. It is now about to appear.—Mrs. Raymond Barker has translated from the French a work on "The Condition of English Catholics under Charles II." It will be published by the Art and Book Company.—A volume, "The Key of South Africa," meaning Delagoa Bay, will be published by Mr. Fischer Unwin. The author of it is Mr. Montagu George Jessett, who recently visited Delagoa Bay.

The new Life of Nicholas Poussin, which Dr. Elizabeth Denio has written, will be published in September by Messrs. Sampson Low and Co. Besides the ordinary edition there is to be an edition de luxe, issued at two guineas. This will consist of eighty-five copies only, twenty-five of which are to be for America. Since 1860 there have been numerous sketches of Poussin's career. Miss Graham's biography of him, published nearly eighty years ago, is familiar to readers of the history of Art. The forthcoming Life will be the most complete yet written. The authoress has had access to Poussin's autograph letters in the National Library of Paris The book is to be illustrated with eight photogravure reproductions of Poussin's most famous pictures.

In collecting the materials for her book Dr. Elizabeth Denio has found an interesting theme in the state of art and position of artists in Paris and Rome during Poussin's time. If young Poussin was treated as a servant at his patron's chateau in Poitou the reason was that painters were still generally regarded as a class of manual labourers. So, for the same reason, were sculptors. So were surgeons, who were classed with barbers, until an operation performed on the sacred person of Louis XIV. gave the former a sudden lift in the world, and made them eminently respectable—even in the eyes of the physians, who would consider themselves insulted if they were expected to do anything more in the manual labour line than write a prescription. And Poussin did much as a labourer before 1640, when he was installed at the Tuileries, on Louis XIII.'s own written invitation : for did he not impecuniously work his way over France, in more than one vain attempt to reach Rome, by doing odd jobs in house painting? Poussin at last established on the Pincian Hill, with Salvator Rosa and Claude Lorrain as neighbours, is a pleasant picture to contemplate.

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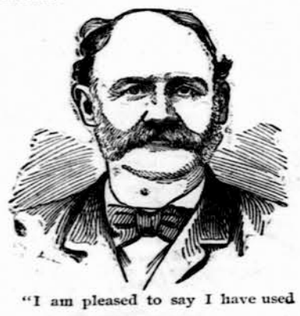

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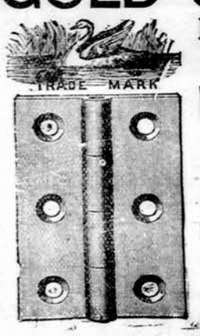

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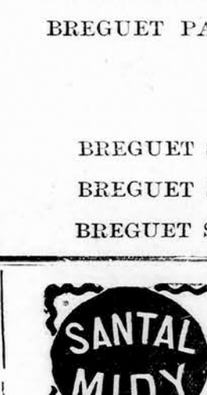

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